## Fun with

## Phonics

lesson planning and games to use with the Jolly Phonics teachers book


## About this book

In this book you find information about reading with the method Jolly Phonics. Learning to read is very important, because you need it in all other subjects. It needs a lot of attention. Young children learn by playing, experimenting and exploring; being active and having fun. Playing games helps the children in the process of learning to read.
In the section 'Fun with letter sounds' you find games that can be played with the whole class. Other games are made to play with small groups. A lot of games can be made by yourself; using materials from the environment. In this book you find ideas and examples. There are many other possibilities. The games in this book are meant to encourage you to have fun in teaching reading in your class, to be creative and to make your own games. For each letter group there is a workbook for the children, to practise individual. These can be copied, fold and stapled for each child per letter group. You need them in the first term of P1, the second and third terms have their own workbooks that you also find in this book. In the planning you find the different materials and ideas that can be used.

## Index

The book is divided in four sections, separated by coloured pages:

1. Information

- Reading with Jolly Phonics
- Information about games
- How to make and play:

Memory
Domino
Board game with a dice
Bingo
Snakes and ladders
Word wheel, word slide and word book
Other ideas
2. Planning
3. Fun with letter sounds
4. Workbooks for the children

5. Examples of games for the different letter groups.

This book is one of three:
Fun at the Nursery school
Fun with Phonics
Fun with Grammar

We wish you a lot of fun with this book!

Ineke Bloemendaal en Reny Nauta - learningwithfunuganda@gmail.com

## Reading with Jolly Phonics

## Why is reading important

A lot of information is written. So, if you want to get to know things it's important you learn to read. From learning to read to reading to learn! Research has shown that people who can read have more chance to get a job and a better life. When they can read it is important that they keep on practicing a lot so that they learn to read automatic, become fast readers and learn more and more words. So learning to read is not ending in P2!

## Why learning to read with Jolly Phonics.

We use Jolly Phonics because it has been proved that children learn to read better with Jolly Phonics than with the methods that are or were used at schools in Uganda.
It is important to teach in different ways, because children also learn in different ways: by hearing, seeing, trying, exploring, playing, doing, singing. So each letter sound is taught in different ways: the sound, the formation, a story, an action and a song. Children need variety in the activities they do. It will motivate them to learn. Research has shown that children learn better when they are active and have fun in what they do in a meaningfully setting.
When children have fun they learn better. When teachers have fun they teach better! Each day, play at least one game with the group. See: 'Fun with letter sounds'. These games are not just games, but they help the children to learn new things or practice the things they have been taught. In this file you also find games that can be played in small groups.

## There are five main elements to the teaching of Jolly Phonics:

1. Learning the Letter Sounds: 42 letter sounds, divided in 7 groups.
2. Learning Letter Formation
3. Blending
4. Identifying Sounds in Words
5. Tricky Words

Jolly Phonics has developed a lot of materials. In Uganda a lot of schools cannot afford it to buy
all of it. In these files you find materials you can use or copy for free. They are specially developed for a school in Uganda.

## Pre reading:

Before children can learn to read they have to develop some skills.
See for more information about pre reading 'Learning with fun at the nursery school'. The activities mentioned here, need revision and continuation in primary school.
When the pre reading is not developed a child will not learn to read!

In the planning in these files the children at the Nursery school are taught the pre reading activities and in top class they start with the first letter groups. At the start of P1 they repeat these letters and go on.

## Fun with

## Phonics

Information, lesson planning and games to use with the Jolly Phonics teachers book


## About this book

Young children learn by playing, experimenting and exploring; being active and having fun. In this book you find information and ideas about learning by playing at Nursery School. While they play, experiment and explore the children develop many skills, skills they need to be able to continue learning after Nursery School.
The most important task of a Nursery teacher is to create an environment where children find challenges, where they can play, experiment and explore. The teacher interacts with the children and observes them. She brings in new challenges.
In the part 'Learning with fun at the Nursery school' you find games that can be played with the whole group.
Other games are made to play with small groups. A lot of games can be made by yourself; using materials from the environment. In this book you find ideas and examples. There are many other possibilities. The games in this book are mend to encourage you to be creative and make your own games.
The third section is about the start with the reading method Jolly Phonics in the third term of Top Class

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Word wheel, word slide and word book
Other ideas
2. Learning with fun at Nursery school: group games.
3. Jolly Phonics in Top Class

- Information about Jolly Phonics

- Planning for lessons in the third term of Top Class.
- Workbooks for the children

4. Examples of games for the different letter groups.

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In the planning in these files the children at the Nursery school are taught the pre reading activities and in top class they start with the first letter groups. At the start of P1 they repeat these letters and go on.

When and where you start depends on several things: did the children go to a Nursery school; do they speak English yet. Don't start too early. E.g. when children don't speak English or don't understand the meaning of reading, they may learn the sounds but that doesn't mean that they can read!

## Differences with the reading method used in many schools in Uganda.

. We use letter sounds, not letter names before P2.
. Blending is very important. When children know the letter sounds and know how to blend they can read!
. We don't teach syllables (like ma ta ra ka etc) as in native languages.
. Children only write words they can also read.
. We don't believe in just copying.
. Instead of teaching the whole alphabet first, we start with a letter group of 6 letters.
With these letters children can make words and read them. This is a big motivation for them to go on and learn more sounds. From the beginning they know why they learn letters and how to use them.
Before starting with Jolly Phonics read the information in the handbook or teachers book. Learn the sounds, actions and songs.

How to prepare
Planning: See these books


The teacher's Guide
Read the page in the teacher guide.
When you have them, use the big books, wall frieze and CD.

Game
Fun with letter sounds: book with group games. Read the game, look for or make the materials you need.

Games for small groups:

- once a week with the whole class
- for remedial teaching
- when the children finished their word

Individual activity for the children

## Workbooks for the children:

First part: for each letter group a workbook and the Tricky word book.
Second and third part: for each part a workbook with the spelling rules.
Copy a book for each child.
Plan and prepare a creative activity.

For Top Class at Nursery see the planning in this book.
Information about the materials: see Fun with phonics

Have fun and let the children be active


## Materials Jolly Phonics and Grammar

Jolly Phonics developed a lot of materials that can be used by teaching Jolly Phonics and Jolly Grammar.
When you start with Jolly Phonics the most important book you need is the handbook. When you can spend more it's nice to buy the letter sound strips and the song book. Materials, like flashcards, tricky word cards and picture cards, you can also make by yourself.
For the grammar you need the handbooks or the teacher books.

## Jolly Phonics

Handbook and teacher's book

| Handbook | Teacher's book |
| :--- | :--- |
| Information about letter sounds, | Information about letter sounds, |
| blending, segmenting etc. | blending, segmenting etc. |
| Photocopy Section: | Planning for every day: what to do, how <br> Sound Sheets |
| Flash Card Sheets <br> Word Box Sheets |  |
| Sheets you can copy you need. <br> worksheets. making games / |  |

## 7 Phonics workbooks (1 of each letter groups) and 3 Pupil Books

## Workbooks by each letter book, tricky words and alternative spelling:

Because the workbooks and pupil books are expensive we made books by ourselves:

- 1 for each letter group. The 42 letter sounds divided in 7 groups (instead of the workbooks and Pupil Book 1). These books can be copied, each one $2 \times$ A4, both sides.
- Jolly Phonics 2 and Jolly Phonics 3 about alternative spelling (instead of Pupil Book 2 and 3). These books can be copied, each one $4 \times$ A4, both sides.
- A book with Tricky Words, 3 x A4, both sides.


## 7 Phonics Activity Books

These books can also be used for making games.

## 7 Big Books

For teaching the letter sounds. With the sound / letter, action, picture, some words and a little story.

## 7 Finger Books

Tthe same content as the big book but without the story, smaller and made of hard carton. These books can be used by teaching small groups or individual.

## Word Book

The book provides words that are suitable for blending practice, made using Jolly Phonics letter groups.

## Jolly Phonics Wall Frieze

Sound, picture and action to hang in the class

## Jolly Songs / Jingles

Book and CD

## Tricky Word Wall Flowers

The tricky words written on a flower to hang on the wall.

## Alternative Spelling \& Alphabet Posters



## Flash Card

Sounds; Regular Words Blending Cards; Alternative Words Blending Cards and Tricky Words.

## Others

- Puppets
- DVD with introduction of each letter group
- Tricky Word Hat
- Jolly Phonics Resources CD


## Jolly Readers

- Read and See
- Jolly Readers Level 1 t/m 4


## Fun with letter sounds:

Games to play with the whole group, small groups or pairs. While playing these games children learn, together, to blend, segment and read. With fun! Most important by the games is hearing differences and similarities.

## Games

Different games you can play at the table in small groups, pairs or individual. Most of them and can be printed or copied. By the games the children learn to hear and to see differences and similarities.
Games also can be made of the Activity Books of Jolly Phonics. When you separate the pages and make a game of it, it can be used for a long time.
See also: How to make and play games.

## Planning for P1

A daily planning for P1 included:

- Jolly Phonics Teacher's Book
- Fun with letter sounds
- Games

More materials for Jolly Grammar: see Fun with Grammar.

## Games

Children can practice their skills by playing games, also reading skills.

## Group games

In the books: 'Fun with letter sounds' and 'Fun with words and sentences' you find games you can play with the whole class or a part of it.

## Games for small groups

There are also a lot of games you can play in small groups: games like memory, domino, bingo and board games. You can buy games like this, but most of them are easy to be made by yourself. In this book we explain how to make these games and how to play them.

There is also a variety of examples. You can copy or print them and if you have a laminator you can laminate them. But they are also easy be made by yourself on carton or wood. Use the materials found in the environment. You can give the games a different level by changing the sound or words. Also the tasks can be changed. You can make your own varieties. The games in this book are for reading. Games can be made also for other subjects, like mathematics. Be creative!

## Needs

You need to know, by yourself, how to play the game. Then you can explain it to the children.
Before you start playing the game, make sure that the materials are complete: cards, dices, counters, etc. By the games is mentioned what you need and how to use it.
Put all you need for one game together in one box. Put on the box the name of the game on the box and what's in it. So you easily can check if it's still complete after playing it. You can make your own varieties on the games.

## Players

Most games are made for 2-4 children.
When the board of a board game is small (like the examples here), it is better to play with 2 or 3 children.
When the group is big the children also have to wait a long time for their turn.
Wait till a player has finished his turn before the next player starts.
Play clockwise: the player on the left side is the next one.

## Goal

Of course children want to win when they play a game. But by games like this the most important thing to practice some skills and to learn with fun.

## Time to play

- You can play games with whole class. Divide the groups in small groups.
- When the children finished their work.
- Extra practicing what is taught for e.g. slow learners.


## Before playing games with the whole class

When all the children of the class play games at the same time, it is very important to prepare well. You need to know:

- The number of pupils in class and how to make the groups based on the level, interest and / or individual differences between the children.
- Are their group leaders?
- Choose the games, collect and check the materials
- How to introduce and to explain the games
- Sitting arrangements
- Are they going to play one or more games? When they play more how do they change: rotation / picking another game when they finished one?
- Time to be used


## Playing the games

Start: Give instructions and explain the games, capture the pupils' attention.
While they play: - The teacher moves around to guide the different groups.

- The teacher interprets the pictures / words in the games..
- The teacher plays with the learners
- The teacher gives compliments, encourages and motivates the children.
- The teacher keeps order

Clearing up: The teacher instructs the learners to pack and put away the games (give a warning a few minutes before) and checks the materials

When a teacher is alone with a (big) group it can be difficult to handle the whole group.
Then you can give half of the class books to read, while the other half plays games. After a while change.

A good preparation and organization is the base of a good lesson!


## Memory

2-4 players from 3 years and older.
Make cards e.g. from carton and paste, draw or write on it.

## Preparation

Shuffle the cards.
Place the cards picture-side down on the table and arrange them in rows, making a square or rectangle shape.


## Playing the game

Choose who goes first, then continue playing the game in a clockwise direction. The player whose turn it is turns over two cards so everyone can see them. If the two cards have the same pictures, then the player keeps these two cards and turns two new ones. This continues until the player turns two cards that do not match.
If the pictures on the cards do not match, they are turned face-down again. At the same place! So the players can try to remember the place of a card.
The next player continues with the game.

## Game over

The game is over when the last pair of cards has been turned over. Now the players stack all their cards in a tower.
The winner is the player with the most pairs of cards who has the highest tower.

## Different levels

Start with not more than 10 pairs. When the children know the game you can give more.
For the Nursery school, use cards with pictures, colours or shapes. Start with easy pictures, than use pictures with more details.
In Top class and in Primary play with the same letter or number.
From P1 and upwards you can make it more difficult by using pairs e.g. picture - word; sum - answer.

## Other games to play with pairs

## Match

Playing individual or in pairs: Find the cards that match.

## Describe

You keep 1 of each pair by yourself. Give each child 1 card. You show 1 card. The children look at their cards. When it is the same they give it.
Instead of showing the card, you can:

- name something with that color / shape, when you play with cards with a color or shape.
- describe what you see on the card, when you play with cards with pictures.
- say the letter sound when you play with letters
- read the word when you play with word cards


## Group games

See: Learning with fun in the Nursery school
Fun with letter sounds
Fun with words and sentences

| Pairs with the same letter | П | n | P | P | S | S | etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pairs with the same word | cat | cat | hen | hen | sun | sun | etc. |
| Match picture word |  | tree | \% ${ }^{3}$ | hen | Mors | sun | etc. |

Other possibilities:

- Match picture - first sound
- Match lower case letter - capital
- Match 2 words that rhymes
- Match big and small
- Match picture and a detail of it.
- Etc.


## Domino

## Materials

Domino is a game with cards with on the left and the right side different picture.
All cards are different but every picture is at least on two cards when you put them in a long line the pictures on the cards match. There are about 24 cards or more.
The cards can be made of e.g. carton or wood. Paste, draw or write the pictures on it. When you make the cards make sure that a good row can be made.

## Players

2-4 players from 3 years and older. The age of the players depends on the pictures.

## Goal

Making a long row with all the cards.
When you play with more players: who is the first one who puts all his cards in the row?

## Playing the game

Shuffle the cards.
Pick a card and put it the in middle. Find a card that matches with the right or left side of the card. Put it there. So go on until all the cards are in a row. When the row is too long, choose another direction for the row.


You can also divide the cards.
The players can try, one by one, to match a card. You may only put a card at the ends of the row. Play in clockwise direction.
The one who finished all of his cards is the winner

## Different levels

You can make a domino for different levels. You can use pictures, letters, words, numbers, amount, etc.
After that you can make it more difficult by matching e.g. picture - word; sum - answer.

## Examples

| $m$ | $w$ | $w$ | $o$ | $o$ | $p$ | $p$ | $b$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Match the same letter

| man cat | cat pin pin bed bed bag |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Match the same word


Match picture - word

## Other possibilities

- Match two halves of a picture
- Match part of e.g. animals, like head and tail
- Match letter and a picture that starts with this sound


## Board game with a dice

You play with a board, a dice and for each player a counter.
There many variations of the board game.

## Number of players

The number of players can be different. It depends of the size of the game. When you play on a board with size A4, play with 2 or 3 children.
When there are many players they have to wait a long time for their turn.

## The board

The board can be made of carton or wood. When you make it on paper you can laminate it, so it can be used for a longer time.

On the board is a route of several shapes (like squares) in a specific order.
Some or all shapes have a meaning. The players have to do something specific when they reach that shape. In the shapes you can put: colours; pictures, numbers, a combination, etc
See the examples

## Counters

Each child has a counter and is playing the whole game with his own counter. They use the counter to take steps on the board. For the counters you can use small stones, bottle tops, etc. Give each counter a different color, so everybody recognizes his own counter. Make sure that the counters fit on the board.

## Playing with a dice

A regular dice has dots from 1 to 6 . You can make a dice of a cube.
The players throw the dice on the table, and count the dots on the top. They take as many steps as there are dots on the top of the dice. First take a step, than count. You start from 'start'. When there is no 'start' written on the board, put the counters before nr. 1.
When the player throws 3 , in the first turn, he takes 3 steps: to one, to two and to three. He puts his counter there. When he throws next time 2 he takes 2 steps: to 4 and to 5 . Etc.

| start | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Goal

To do the tasks and try to reach the finish first.

## Playing the game

The first child throws with a dice. First take the step, then count.
Then the next one throws with the dice. Take turns clockwise.
The next player waits till the one before him is done moving his counter and has finished the task. The one who reaches the finish first, is the winner.

## Examples and varieties in the layout of the board

See the games in this book

## Varieties in dices

Dice with e.g. colours and / or shapes


## Bingo

## Cards

There are a number of big cards and a lot of small cards.
On each big card there are a number of words. For each word there is a small card. On these small ones is only one word. All the big cards are different, the words can be on more than one big card.

## Covers

There have to be enough covers for all the word on all the cards. You can use bottle tops, stones, pieces of paper, etc.

## Players

When there are 4 cards 5 children can play: 4 children get a big card; 1 child picks the small cards. It depends on the number of big cards with how many players you can play the game.

## Goal

To be the first to cover all the words on the card.

## Playing the game

Each child gets a big card.
One child gets the small cards in a box. This child picks the small cards one by one. He says the word.
The children see if word is on their card. When it is, they cover this word for example with a top of a bottle.
Put the cards that have been said in another box.
When all the letters or words are covered they say bingo.
Who finished the card first is the winner.

## Variation

Instead of words there can be cards with pictures, letters or numbers.

## Examples

See the Bingo's in this book.


## How to play snakes and ladders

Needs: A dice
For each player a counter. E.g. cork, a stone, a piece of wood. Give each counter a different color, so that each player recognizes his or her own.

Number of players: when the card is not so big play with 2 or 3 players.
Put all the counters at start.
Each player only moves his own counter.
The first child throws with the dice and takes as many steps as there are on the dice. First take the step than count.
When there is written something in the box you reach read it and do what is written. E.g. when you read: go to the tree, you move your counter to the box with the tree.
Tell the children what to do when they reach a picture. They can just say the word or spell it.

When a child reaches a box with the head of a snake he has to go down, following the snake.
When a child reaches a ladder he may go up, following the ladder.
When a child finishes his turn (read the task and has done it) the next child gets the turn. Play clockwise.

Who reaches the finish as the first?
Choose a game of the right level for the group. There are games with 3, 4 or more letter words and games with a specific spelling problem.

See the website: Phonics4Free. Here you find a lot of snakes and ladders and these are free to print.


## Other idea's for playing / games

## Word wheel

With a 'wheel' as showed on the picture children can make words that end with same letters but where the first letter can be changed.
E.g. at the example with at the words mat, cat, rat, fat, sat and bat can be made.
Cut 2 circles in different sizes and put them together in the middle. It must be possible to rotate the smallest circle, so that the different words can be made, matching at with the different sound at the big circle.


Examples:
h n ct g cl + ot wh p m t d h + en br dr g pl str tr + ain b f $p \mathrm{t}+\mathrm{in}$
$\mathrm{m} h \mathrm{~d}$ b r +ug $p h f b s q u+i t$ c cl r t + ub f m h t w k +ill
b c f h m proat
can hop kit tap cub $+e$
sou rou fo bou ba fou + nd
ki ri lo swi sti ha si wi su +ng etc. Use the word bank!

## Word slide

A variation on the word wheel is the word slide. Make a shape or picture, write the end (or beginning) of a word on it and write the letters you can add on a slide. Make two cuts in it and put the slide through it. Moving the slide up and down the different words can be made.


## Word book

Write the last part of the word on a paper. Write the first letters on smaller papers. Staple the small papers on the right side of the big one. When you browse through the book you see the different words.


## Playing with a dice

There are many games you can play with a dice
On a regular dice there are dots: 1 and on the opposite site 6, 2 and on the opposite site 5 , 3 and on the opposite site 4 . But you can put also put other things on the sites, like colours, shapes or letters. E.g. the letters of a letter group.
Games with one or more dices with letters:

- The children throw the dice and make a word that starts with the letter that's on top. Or make a word with this letter at the end or in the middle.
- Throw 2 dice. Who knows a word with both letters in it?
- Throw a lot of dices (6-10). How many words can you make with these letters?
- Write on the dice: I; you; he / she; it; we; they. Make a sentence starting with the word on top.
- Write on the dice: why; how; where; when; who; what. Make a sentence starting the word that's up. Write tricky words on it: make a sentence with this tricky word.
When you use a blank dice and write with chalk on it, you can use it for different games.


## Playing with letter sounds

Write the sounds on pieces of carton, stones or whatever. You use anything. Possibilities:

- Sorting / matching the same.

Put them is a sack or box and let them pick one:

- Say or write a word with the sound.
- Show the action.
- Who can make the most words with the sound?

- Pick two sounds can the make a word including both sounds?
- Give a specific item, like animals. The children have to find a name of an animal with the sound.
- Make a list of items like: animal, name, something at school, something in the house, a land, plant; etc. Can they write a word for each item? E.g. they pick an s: animal - snake; name - suzan; something at school - sharpener; something in the house - saucepan; etc.
- Match a letter with an object or picture that has that letter at the beginning, the end or the middle.
- Make a word snake starting with the letter. E.g. t: table - egg - grass - snail - etc.

Make several small cards of each letter and let the children make words with them.

Use the sounds you taught.

## Letter wall

Hang one or more letters on the wall on a big piece of paper. Let the children draw, cut or write things and put them by the first sound of it.

## Spot the sound

Give the children a text. Let them found a specific sound (cluster) / spelling problem

## Puzzles

Make a picture on carton or wood and cut or saw it in different pieces. The children can make the puzzle.

## Circuit: Make words

Divide the group in groups of 4 children.
Put on different tables a letter sound. How many words can the group write with this sound? Rotate after 1 minute.
Make it more difficult by giving a vowel or a double vowel.
At the end correct the words and count the correct ones. Which group has the best score? You can also give other exercises, activity cards, games, etc.

## Creative activities:

- Draw with pencils, chalk, fingers, with water; on paper, in soil, ....:
- Free; yourself; your friends or family; house; class; an animal;...
- What you like to eat; what you like to do; ....
- A big and a small house; a low and a high tree; ....
- Something that start with sound ...

When children draw something write the words next to it. So, they realize that what you write has a meaning.

- Cut, paste, fold with paper
- Play with clay, water, soil.
- Stamp with leafs, branches, tp rolls, etc.

Let the children use their imagination!


## Outside

Let the children write in the soil.
Write letters in the soil or hang papers with letter sounds on the tree. Name a sound and let the children search it. Or say a word and let the children search the first (or last) letter. They can also run or jump to all the letters of the word, one by one. E.g. sun: they first run to the $s$, then to the $u$ and at last to the $n$

## Labeling

Write names next to several different things in the class. E.g. door, window, cupboard.
 In bookshops there are a lot of workbooks for children. When you buy one you can use the ideas and pictures for making games.

## The lessons

The Teacher's book is divided in three parts: Pupil Book 1, 2 and 3. You can teach each term of P1, 1 part. Start each term with repeating the things taught in the term before. Before you start with a part read the 'Daily Guidance for Teaching'. In the Teacher's Book each day, a page of the Pupil Book is shown. In this planning the Pupil Books are not used, but:

- for part 1, workbooks for each letter group,
- for part 2 and 3 a workbook with the alternative spelling
- a Tricky wordbook.

These books are easy to copy.
Repeat the tricky words every day. Give the children for handwriting and words and sentences a book where they can write their work. They can draw the pictures of the story by themselves. The other activities, like finish the sentence and choose the right word, you can write on the blackboard. Use the book 'Fun with letter sounds' for the games.

## When you plan your lessons:

Read this planning and the page that is mentioned in the Daily Guidance for Teaching. In the afternoon there is time for (more) games and / or a creative activity.
Play at least one game every day, but preferably more. You find the games in 'Fun with letter sounds'. What you need for the games is written in bold letters.
Also think, before the lesson starts, about the words and / or sentences you are going to use. Prepare the creative activities.
Some days can be used for repeating. Look what needs more attention. Before you continue make sure that the children understand what you taught.

## Writing:

On the days, that the children write words and sentences you give attention to writing. How do you make the letter pattern, how do you hold your pencil, sit proper, write proper, etc.

## Games:

Play games once a week, 45 min - 1 hour. Choose the same day every week. See: 'about games'.

## Books and reading cards:

Make a place in the class with books and reading cards. When children are ready with their work they can read. Give also moments for the whole class to read books, at least three times a week. Sit with the kids to hear them read. Help the week ones while they all are reading. Register who read which book and if they did it well.

## Materials:

Find a place where you keep the materials. Register what is where. Check before you put it back.

## Assessment:

Take an assessment on the first Monday and Tuesday of a term.
Then check at least every 3 weeks if the children catch up what you taught. When they don't repeat and / or give extra exercises.

## Children who have problems with (pre)reading:

Give children who have problems with learning the letter sound and/or blending extra help. Check your time table and look for moments that one of the teachers can work with them. Repeat the sounds and blending and use games.

## Children who can do more:

Give children who read well extra work, like reading cards, task cards and books. Order them by level.

## Consultation with Top class and P2

Ask what the children know when they start in P1 and tell the teachers from P2 about the level of the group and each child individual.

Book 1

| pg. | sound | game ex | extra | pg. | sound | game extra |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Letter group 1: s-a-t-i-p-n |  |  |  | 7 7 . | n | Letter dice : pg. 3 <br> Throw with the letter dice with the sounds of this group. Can you make a word with this letter sound? The children can name the word or write it. What you need: letter dice (paper and pencils) | Cut letters and make words |
| 2 | s | Make a list of words that start with s sound. <br> Make a list of words that ends with s Make a s with <br> clay <br> Make a snake <br> of letter s |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | a | Rhyming: pg. 2 <br> Use words that have a in it and ask the children to say words that rhyme. Write them on the blackboard. <br> e.g. pan - man sack - pack ant - sand <br> van - can arm - farm sat-pad <br> You can also use pictures. <br> Nonsense words are allowed. Ask if the word is real or not. <br> What you need: a list with words. (and pictures) | Make an ant e.g. by | Letter group 2: c/k /ck - e-h-r-m-d |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | stamping with a (t.p.) roll. | 8 | c/k/ck | A sack whit letters: pg 4 <br> Use the letters you teach till now. <br> Pick one letter and make words. Blend the words What you need: a sack (or box) with letters | Make a clock |
| 4 | t | How many words can you make: pg. 7 <br> Write a frame with letters on the blackboard with a vowel in the middle. <br> Blend the words and / or let the children write them on paper. | Draw words that start with $t$ and try to write the words. | 9 | e | Rhyming: pg. 2 <br> Use words with e and ask the children to say words that rhyme. Write them on the blackboard. <br> e.g. pen - hen - men; net - pet - red <br> nest - test <br> Nonsense words are aloud. Ask if the word is real or not. <br> What you need: a list with words (and pictures) | Make <br> letter e <br> (and <br> other) <br> letters <br> with clay. |
| 5 | i | Make words with a fan: pg. 4 <br> Use the letters groups you taught untill now. <br> What you need: fans | Make inky fingerprints with ink or paint. See activity book. | 10 | h | How many words can you make: pg 7 <br> Write a frame with letters on the blackboard with a vowel in the middle. <br> Blend the words and / or let the children write them on paper. | Paste a hen. |
| 6 | $p$ | Blending with flashcards: pg. 2 <br> - Show flashcards with words. Ask the children to blend them. <br> - Blend words on the flashcards. Ask the children what word you blend. Then show the card. <br> What you need: flashcards | Paste or paint a pig | 11 | r | Blending with flashcards: pg 2 <br> - Show flashcards with words. Ask the children to blend them. <br> - Blend words on the flashcards. Ask the children what word you blend. Then show the card. <br> What you need: flashcards | Draw things that start with $r$ and try to write the word. |


| pg. | sound | game | extra |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | m | Make words with a fan: pg. 4 Use the letters groups you teach till now. What you need: fans | A book or a story about a Monkey Make drawing of the story |
| 13 | d | Letter dice - pg. 3 <br> Throw with the letter dice with the sounds of this group. Make a word with this letter sound. The children can name the word or write it. What you need: letter dice (paper / pencils) | Cut letters and make words |
| Letter group 3: $g-0-u-l-f-b$ |  |  |  |
| 14 | g | Countdown with flashcards: pg. 2 Hold up flashcards: how many can you read in 1 minute <br> You can use letters, words and sentences <br> What you need: flashcards / clock | Read a book or tell a story about a Frog <br> Paint a green frog. Write the caption under it. |
| 15 | 0 | Buried Treasure: pg. 23 <br> Write words on coins or cards. <br> Blend the words with the children and ask if it is a real or a fake word. Put the real words in the treasure box and the fake words in another box. Use the words mentioned by the day planning and add fake words. Blend the words. <br> What you need: word cards and the Buried Treasure boxes | Drawing: What can you make from an o? (e.g. a puppet, the sun, a flower, a car) |
| 16 | u | How many words can you make - pg 7 Write a frame with letters on the blackboard with a vowel in the middle. <br> Blend the words and / or let the children write them on paper. | Paste an umbrella: Give each child a half of a circle in different colors. Fold it in 4 (pieces, exchange colors ; each child paste a colorful umbrella. |


| pg. | sound | game | extra |
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| 17 | I | Blending with flashcards: pg 2 <br> - Show flashcards with words written on it. <br> Ask the children to blend them. <br> - Blend the words on the flashcards. Ask <br> the children what word you blend. <br> Then show the card. <br> What you need: flashcards | Stretch your legs and <br> go for a long walk. <br> What do you see with <br> sound l? (leafs, <br> clouds, soil, legs, <br> lips, lamp,...) |
| 18 | f | Make words with a fan: pg. 4 <br> Use the letters groups you taught till now. <br> What you need: fans | A book of a story <br> about a fish. <br> Let the children make <br> a fish |
| 19 | b | Letter dice: pg. 3 <br> Throw with the letter dice with the sounds of <br> this group. Can you make a word using this <br> letter sound? The children can name the <br> word or write it. <br> What you need: letter dice (paper and <br> pencils) | Cut letters and make <br> words |
| Letter group 4: ai - j - Oa - ie - ee - or |  |  |  |


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| 22 | oa <br> Repeat the tricky words. | Sentence substitution: pg. 9 Write on the blackboard: the goat is on the road. Ask the children if they know a alternative word for goat. And for road. <br> E.g. The goat is on the road $\rightarrow$ the dog is on the road (or man, cat, pig, etc.)The goat (or whatever) is on the road $\rightarrow$ the goat is on the grass | Fold a sailing boat. |
| 23 | ie <br> Repeat the tricky words. | Blending with: pg. 2 <br> - Show flashcards with words. Ask the children to blend them. <br> - Blend words on the flashcards. Ask the children what word you blend. Then show the card. <br> What you need: flashcards | Write a sentence and draw it. |
| $24$ | ee <br> Repeat the tricky words. | Finish the sentence: pg. 8 <br> E.g. In the tree I see ......; I feel ...... <br> When I sleep ....... <br> *In the book they teach ee and or on the same day, but that's confusing the children. It is better to take 1 day for 1 letter. | Find the ee sound in a piece of text. |
| 24 | or <br> Tricky words: she, me, we | Letter dice: pg. 3 <br> Throw with the letter dice with the sounds of this group. Can you make a word with this letter sound? The children can name the word or write it. <br> What you need: letter dice (paper and pencils) | Cut letters and make words |
|  | eat all rs and y words. | Ask the children what game they want to play. | Do a special activity |


| pg | sound | game | extra |
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| Letter group 5: z-w - $n g-v-(00)-00$ |  |  |  |
| 25 | Z <br> Repeat tricky words | Letter train: pg. 5 <br> Make chains of words, matching the last letter of a word with the first letter of the next word. Like: car - rabbit - train - n... | Talk about the Zoo. Make a Zoo: each child draws an animal and cuts it out. <br> Paste all the animals together in a Zoo. |
| 26 | w <br> Repeat tricky words | Buried Treasure: pg. 23 <br> Write words on coins or cards. <br> You together with the children blend the words and ask if it is a real or a fake word. Put the real words in the treasure box and the fake words in another box. <br> Use the words mentioned by the day planning and add fake words. Blend the words. <br> What you need: word cards and the Buried Treasure boxes | Read the book: The very busy spider. Make a web of a spider. |
| 27 | ng <br> Repeat tricky words. | Sentence substitution: pg. 9 Write on the blackboard: the goat is on the road. Ask the children if they know a alternative word for goat. And for road. E.g. The web in the rain $\rightarrow$ The web in the wind $\rightarrow$ The van in the wind | Make a ring. |
| 28 |  | Blending with flashcards: pg. 2 <br> - Show flashcards with words. Ask the children to blend them. <br> - Blend words on the flashcards. Ask the children what word you blend. Then show the card. <br> What you need: flashcards | Write you own sentence and make a drawing |
|  | at all s and words. | Ask the children what game they want to play. | Do a special activity |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 29 | 00 <br> Mention that in some words the 00 sounds long in other words short. Repeat the tricky words. | Letter dice: pg. 3 <br> Throw with the letter dice with the sounds of this week. Can you make a word with this letter sound? The children can name the word or write it. <br> What you need: letter dice (paper and pencils) | Read the book: <br> Rabbit's Bad <br> Mood (27) <br> Fold a paper in 4 parts, draw in each part different moods, like happy, sad, etc. | 33 | sh <br> Tricky words: do, are, all | Yes or no?: pg. 9 <br> Show cards with questions written on it. Is the answer yes or no? <br> What you need: cards with question. | Draw what you can buy in the shop. |
| Letter group 6: $y-x-c h-s h-t h-t h$ |  |  |  | 34 | th. / th <br> Repeat the tricky words. | Letter dice: pg. 3 <br> Throw with the letter dice with the sounds of this week. Can you make a word with this letter sound? The children can name the word or write it. <br> What you need: letter dice (paper and pencils) | Design and draw three pieces of clothes that you should to wear and show them. |
| 30 | $y$ <br> Repeat the tricky words | Letter train: pg. 5 <br> Make chains of words, matching the last letter of a word with the first letter of the next word. Like: car - rabbit - train - n... | Make a yell |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | Repeat the tricky words | Buried Treasure: pg. 23 see day 15 | Draw six things with ax | Letter group 7: qu - ou - oi - ue - er - ar |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 35 | qu <br> Repeat the tricky words. | Letter train: pg. 5 <br> Make chains of words, matching the last letter of a word with the first letter of the next word. Like: car - rabbit - train - n... | Make a letter train. |
| 32 | ch  <br> Repeat  <br> the tricky  <br> words  | What's wrong: pg. 8 <br> Write a sentence on the blackboard: e.g. <br> I put it in the boks - I put it in the box <br> Tup there a point - Put there a point | Write you own sentence and make a drawing. | 36 | ou <br> Repeat the tricky words. | Buried Treasure: pg. 23 <br> Write words on coins or cards. <br> Blend the words with the children and ask if it is a real or a fake word. Put the real words in the treasure box and the fake words in another box. <br> Use the words mentioned by the day planning and add fake words. Blend the words. <br> What you need: word cards and the Buried Treasure boxes | Paint a cloudy sky with white, black and blue paint. <br> When you mix the colors you can make light and dark clouds. |
|  | at all s and words. | Ask the children what game they want to play. | Do a special activity |  | eat all rs and y words. | Ask the children what game they want to play. | Do a special activity |


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| 37 | oi <br> Repeat the tricky words | What's wrong?: pg 8 <br> Write a sentence on the blackboard: e.g. <br> Put iol in your lamp - Put oil in your lamp <br> The cloods in the sky - The clouds in the sky Yesterday I saw the kween - Yesterday I saw the queen. | Design your own coin. |
| 38 | ue <br> Repeat the tricky words. | Yes or no?: pg. 9 <br> Show cards with question. Is the answer yes or no? <br> What you need: cards with question. | Play statue: the children are moving around. On a sign (clap) they stand still like a statue. <br> Design a statue. |
| 39 | er <br> Repeat the tricky words. | Make a sentence: pg. 8 <br> Show a picture or an object. <br> Write a sentence about it. <br> Individually or in group(s). <br> What you need: pictures or objects | Write you own sentence and make a drawing |
| 40 | ar <br> Repeat the tricky words. | Letter dice: pg. 3 <br> Throw with the letter dice with the sounds of this week. Can you make a word with this letter sound? The children can name the word or write it. <br> What you need: letter dice (paper and pencils) | Make art.... |
|  | all and words | Ask the children what game they want to play. | Do a special activity. E.g. give the children a balloon and let them write the letters on it. |


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| Tricky Words and Reading and Writing Activities (repeating) The children now use the Tricky word book. |  |  |  |
| 41 | Tricky Words the, he, she, me, we, be Write them in the Tricky word book | Missing tricky words - Complete the sentence: pg. 8 Write sentences on the blackboard, without the tricky words. Ask the children which tricky words you can fill in. | Fold a (tricky) hat. |
| 42 | Writing words | Full Circle: pg. 7 <br> Children make a word using letters. Each time they change 1 letter, till they are back at the first word. Start with an easy one. <br> What you need: circle words (see pg.7) | Make a Full Circle. |
| 43 | Tricky Words I, was, to, do, are, all Write them in the Tricky word book | What's wrong?: pg. 8 Write sentences on the blackboard. Write a tricky word in the wrong way. Ask the children what's wrong. E.g. I go ot the market | Decorate the hat (Monday) with flowers with tricky words. |
| 44 | Diagraph and Consonant Blend Words | Buried Treasure: pg. 23 <br> see day 15 <br> Use words with digraph (2 consonants at the beginning or end) like: fork, farm, park, turn, bread, green, blue, stick, word, train, frog, star, jump, grass, , etc. Add nonsense words. What you need: word cards and the Buried Treasure boxes | Make a worksheet with beginning consonants blends. |
|  | all letters <br> cky words. | Ask the children what game they want to play. | Do a special activity |


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| - | More Consona nt Blend Words | Play buried treasure (see 2 days ago) again, but now uses words with 2 consonant at the beginning and the end, like: stamp, plant, stairs, crocs, frogs, bricks, drips, steps, spoons, plums. | Paste words with letters. |
| 45 | Tricky Words Write them in tricky word book. | Make a sentence: pg. 8 Say two tricky words. Who can make a sentence? They have to use both words in one sentence. | Make an 'I can .... ' book: <br> Fold a book and let the children write on each page something they |
| 46 | Sentence Reading | Quick reading: flashcard pg. 1 How many sentences can you read in 1 minute? <br> What you need: cards with sentences | can, like: I can <br> hop, I can <br> write, I can <br> sing. Draw <br> what you can. <br> Finish the |
| $\begin{aligned} & 47 \\ & 48 \end{aligned}$ | Missing Words | Yes orno? pg. 9 <br> Show sentences or: <br> Divide the group into pairs or small groups. <br> Each group makes a yes-sentence and a nosentence. Then play the game. <br> What you need: sentences (see Word bank pg. 3-5) or paper (where the children can write their sentences on (big letters!) | book. <br> When a child has finished his book he can play a game. |

During the last weeks the children make exams. Do what you can do in this week. Give the other lessons in the next week. The days that are left over you take an assessment and repeat the things that need more teaching. The children that made their assessment well can write sentences. Choose a game every day and also play games outside, like a circuit.
Stay active till the last day!

Book 2

| pg. | activity | game | extra | pg. | sound | game | extra |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | Repeat book 1: <br> All sounds and tricky words | Flashcards: pg. 2 <br> Letter sounds and words <br> Play quick read: how many letter sounds / word can they read in 1 minute. <br> What you need: flashcards and clock | Write a sentence and draw | 10 | Alternative ck Activity book pg. 2 | Buried treasure: pg. 6 Use words with ck What you need: list with words with ck; boxes for buried treasure. | Build with bricks |
| - | Repeat book 1: <br> All sounds and tricky words | Flashcards: pg. 2 <br> Make sentences: pg. 8 <br> Play quick read: pg. 2: How many sentences can they read in 1 minute. <br> What you need: flashcards and clock | Play Pictionary in pairs: one draws something, the other one guesses what it is. How many words can they draw and guess in e.g. 10 minutes. Or play with the whole group. Make 2 teams. | 11 | Handwriting letter group 3 They write in their own book | A sack with letters: pg. 3 <br> Pick a letter. Who knows a word with this letter? <br> What you need: a sack with letters | Write a sentences and draw about it. |
| 2 | Alternatives $y$ sounds as ee <br> Activity book pg. 1 | Talk about the body. Can you show: angry, happy, grumpy, sad, etc. Write the words on the blackboard. Which one do you write with $y$ ? Use the dice with feelings (Nursery) | Paint a happy, angry, scary and sad face. | 12 | Comprehension Read and draw They write and draw the phrases and picture frames in their own book. | Build vocabulary: pg. 5 <br> An angry apple <br> A busy bee <br> A crazy cow, etc. <br> Nonsense is allowed. | Draw a cartoon (humorous picture), mentioned by build vocabulary. |
| 3 | Handwriting letter group 1 <br> They write in their own book | Learn an alphabet song Do you know a name by each letter? <br> What you need: alphabet song | Make a piece of art of the first letter of you name (or your whole name) | 13 | Tricky Words said, here, there Write them in the tricky word book. | I said ....... <br> Tell something with actions and without words. The other children try to understand what you are telling. | Paste a flag, one of here (Uganda) and one of there. Choose a land (Holland, Canada, .....) |
| 4 | Tricky words you your Writing in tricky words book | Finish sentences: pg. 8 e.g. I like you because <br> I like your $\qquad$ because. $\qquad$ | Draw yourself <br> Make a sentence about yourself. | - | Repeat: <br> The spelling rules <br> The tricky words | Let the children choose a game. | Craft |


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| 14 | Words and sentences The pond They write in their own book | Make jumbled words: pg. 6 Mix the letters of a few words. Which words can you make? | Paint a pond and paste the plants and animals in and around it. <br> Variation: <br> Make a groups work. Divide the group in groups of about 6 children: 2 paint, 2 make the plants, 2 make the animals | 23 | Handwriting They write in their own book | Alphabet exercise: <br> The children stand in a circle: the first one says $a$, the next one $b$, the next one $c$, etc. After $z$ begin again by a. When somebody says the wrong letter or is waiting too long, he or she has to sit down. | Write with paint brushes or ink pens. |
| 15 | Alternatives 2 the same letters together Activity book pg. 3 | Buried Treasure: pg. 6 Use words with two the same letters. <br> What you need: boxes for buried treasure and words. | Make a puppet. Fold a rabbit. | 24 | Tricky Words my, one, by Write them in the tricky word book. | Matching opposites: <br> Write words on the blackboard and let the children search the words that belong together. E.g. high and low; small and big; wide and narrow; long and short; etc. <br> What you need: words | Paste: <br> My family or My friends or My house. |
| 16 | Handwriting letter group 4 <br> They write in their own book | A sack with letters: pg. 3 Pick a letter. Who knows a word with this letter that you always write with a capital (like names of people, lands, etc.) What you need: a sack with letters. | Uganda is written with a capitol. Give the children the outline of Uganda. Write Uganda and draw or write things that you see in Uganda. | 25 | Words and sentences Night time They write in their own book | Sorting words: <br> Which words belong to night and which ones to day. <br> E.g. dark, light, sun, moon, stars, play, school, lunch, bed, ..... | Make a star and/or the moon. |
| 17 | Tricky Words: they Write them in the tricky word book. | Finish the sentence: pg. 8 <br> They want ..... <br> They like $\qquad$ <br> They go to ..... | Write a sentence and make a drawing of it. | 26 | Alternatives ai-ay, oi-oy Activity book pg. 5 and 6 | What's in the toy box?: pg. 6 Put a toy in a box. Children ask questions about it. You may only answer with yes or no. <br> What you need: a box and things to put in. | Paint <br> Play with toys. |
| 18 | Words and sentences The fox They write in their own book | Full circle: pg. 7 <br> 1. Leg - peg - pet - pat - rat - ran - rag - lag - leg. <br> 2. Run - bun - but - bit - hit - him - dim - din - sin sun - run. | Craft | 27 | Handwriting They write in their own book | Missing letters in the alphabet: write the alphabet on the blackboard, fade out some letters. Which letters are missing? | Craft |


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| 28 | Tricky <br> Words <br> only, old <br> Write them in <br> the tricky <br> word book. | Choose the right answer: pg. 9 <br> Play the variation with the one <br> and only right answer! <br> Make anagrams on the board. <br> What you need: questions and <br> answers. <br> Anagrams | Let the children make their <br> own anagrams. Let them <br> solve the anagram of each <br> other. |
| 29 | Words and <br> sentences <br> Ducks <br> They write in <br> their own <br> book | What is wrong?: pg 8. <br> Write sentences on the word and <br> write some words wrong. Ask <br> what's wrong. <br> What you need: sentences | Fold a duck |
| 30 | Alternatives <br> ee can be <br> spelt: <br> ee ea <br> Activity book <br> pg. 7 | Read the story 'A Real Treat': <br> pg. 21 word banks <br> Raise your hand when you hear <br> the ee sound. <br> What you need: The story. | Give a copy of the story. <br> Color the words with ee <br> red and the words with ea <br> blue. Ready? Make a <br> drawing. |
| 31 | Handwriting <br> They write in <br> their own <br> book | Buried Treasure: pg. 6 <br> Use words with b, d and p. <br> What you need: boxes for <br> Buried Treasure and word <br> cards | Fold a bear (or paste) <br> Hang it next to the duck. <br> Remember: the bear and <br> the duck! |
| - | Repeat: <br> The spelling <br> rules <br> The tricky <br> words | Let the children choose a game. | Craft |


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| 32 | Tricky Words like, have Write them in the tricky word book. | Make a 'I like, top 10, list'. Mention: a color, shape, food, drink, friend, toy, animal, book, to do at school, to do at home. Write the items on the board. Children write their own top list in their book. So they write 10 times 'I like .......' | Draw (paint, paste, ..) things you like. |
| 33 | Words and sentences <br> The queen They write in their own book | Make a mind map: pg. 10 Write Queen in the middle of the blackboard. Children name things that belong to a queen. Write the words around the word queen. | Make a crown |
| 34 | Alternatives ie sound can be spelt: ie, i_e, y Activity book pg. 9 | Make sentences with a lot of ie sounds. <br> E.g. The fly in the sky was very shy. I like to drive a long time in the sunshine. <br> I try to put my tie in the pie. I fly high in the sky. Write the sentences on the blackboard. When do you write ie, when y and when i_e | Decorate a pie. Give a paper (circle). Children paste decoration on it. |
| 35 | Handwriting Repeat tricky words They write in their own book | Missing letters in the alphabet: write the alphabet on the blackboard, fade out some letters. Which letters are missing? | Put the letters of the alphabet in a horizontal line. Can you write I draw by each letter a word? |
| 36 | Tricky Words live, give Write them in the tricky word book. | Buried Treasure: pg. 6 Use words with and without magic e as: cub - cube, fin - fine. What you need: boxes for Buried Treasure and word cards (see word bank pg. 13) | Craft |


| pg. | activity | game | extra |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 41 | Words and <br> sentences <br> Monkeys <br> (The shipweckis too <br> dififulf for chidren <br> here) <br> They write in <br> their own book | Story telling: pg. 13 <br> The first child starts with <br> one sentence of a story <br> about a monkey. The next <br> one tells the next sentence, <br> and so on. | Paste a monkey. |
| 42 | Alternatives <br> er sound can <br> be spelt: er ir ir <br> or <br> Activity book <br> pg. 11 | Quick reading: pg 2 <br> Show flashcards with er ir <br> ur words. How many can <br> you read in 1 minute? <br> What you need: flash <br> cards with er, ir or words | Make a picture of a bird on a ladder: <br> paste a ladder with strokes |
| 43 | Handwriting <br> They write in <br> their own book | Letter train: pg. 5 <br> Variation: use only names. | Make pairs: One child points (eyes closed) <br> to a letter in a text (e.g. a page of a news- <br> paper) and says: Name an animal (some- <br> thing in the house or class, a name, food) <br> with the letter that he points to. The other <br> child answers. Write the items (house, <br> animal, class, food, name) on the <br> blackboard. |
| 44 | Tricky Words <br> what when <br> why <br> Write them in <br> the tricky word <br> book. | What, when, why: <br> Mention an activity. Ask the <br> children when and why you <br> should do it. <br> E.g. What: bathing; when: in <br> the morning or evening; <br> why: to wash yourself. <br> What: reading; When: at <br> school / at home; Why: to <br> learn / for fun <br> More options are possible. | Make 3 columns: <br> Write on top: what when why <br> Draw or write: <br> What you want to do, <br> When you are going to do it <br> Why you want to do it |
| 45 | Words and <br> sentences <br> The car <br> They write in <br> their own book | Make a mind map: pg.10 <br> About the car. | Craft |



## Book 3

| pg | activity | game |  | extra | pg | sound |  | game | extra |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Repeat book 2 Letter sounds Tricky words Spelling rules | Use flashcards: <br> - Tricky words <br> - Words with digraphs like oa, ai, <br> What you need: flashcards |  | Make words with clay | 5 | Comprehension <br> The seaside <br> Give paper to work on |  | Make a mind map: pg. 10 about the sea | Paint the seaside |
|  | Repeat book 2 Letter sounds Tricky words Spelling rules | Jumbles words / sentences: pg. 6 |  | Write a sentence or short story and draw about it. | 6 | Alternatives c followed by e, i or y usually makes s sound Activity book pg. |  | Full circle: pg. 7 <br> 3. Song - long- lock - shock - shop chop - chip - chick - thick - thing sing - song. <br> 4. Car - card - lard - laid - maid mood - moon - moan - moat mart - cart - car. | Draw a bicycle and write the names of the different parts. Take a bicycle of the home for example. |
| 2 | Alternatives ph sounds as $f$ Activity book pg. 1 | Time to talk: <br> Make a microphone. Mention an item, e.g. elephant. The first child gets the microphone and can talk about the item for half a minute. Then the teacher says stop and another child gets the microphone and can talk for half a minute. What you need: a microphone and a clock |  | Make a microphone, e.g. from a tp roll | 7 | Tricky words more, before <br> Write them in the tricky word book |  | Play: I go to the market and buy.. The first child says: I go the market and buy a book. (or whatever) nr. 2 says: I go to the market and buy a book and a pen (or whatever) nr. 3: I go ..... buy a book, a pen and .. So each child adds 1 thing. So it becomes more and more. <br> When a child cannot remember all things his or her turn is over. | Paste a market with strokes and past the things they sell. |
| 3 | Tricky words any, many Writing in tricky words book | Quick reading: pg. 2 How many sentences or words can you read in one minute? <br> What you need: sentences | Make a Circuit: <br> Make groups of 2 or 3 children. <br> Each child does a activity for half a minute, than change. When both or all three have had their turn, the pair or group goes to the next activity. Number the activities so that they know where to go. |  | 8 | Words and sentences This is me Writing in their own book. |  | orting children: <br> ake groups: - boys - girls; - 6 years old or unger; - long - short hair I and: Let them choose what they like the st: - color blue or red; - porridge or bread; otatoes or rice; - etc. When they choose one they go to the right side, when they oose the other go to the left side. ou also can give them 3 or more choises. | Draw yourself and write 3 things about yourself. E.g. My eyes are brown |
| 4 | Short or long vowel <br> a e i ou ai ee ie oa ue Activity book pg. 2 | Buried Treasure: pg. 6 Use words like the ones in the book What you need: cards with words and boxes | Craft |  | 9 | Comprehension yes or no? |  | $\text { orno? pg. } 9$ <br> hat you need: questions (see word bank 20) | Craft |


| pg. | activity | game | extra |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10 | Alternative <br> g followed by e, $\boldsymbol{i}$ <br> or y makes $j$ <br> Activity book pg. 4 | Make a mind map: pg. 10 <br> about vegetables | Make vegetables with clay <br> or paper mache. |
| 11 | Tricky words <br> other, were <br> Write them in the <br> tricky word book | Another word for: <br> not high (low) <br> not big (small) <br> What you need: a list with <br> opposites | Write a sentence and <br> draw. |
| 12 | Words and <br> sentences <br> My family <br> Writing in their <br> own book | Role play: <br> Tell a story about a family. <br> Let the children role play <br> the story <br> What you need: a story | Make somebody of you <br> family with banana fibres. |
| 13 | Alternatives <br> Three ways to <br> spell ai: ai ay <br> a_e <br> Activity book pg. 5 | Spot the sound. Read the <br> story 'The School Sale'. Pg <br> 25 word bank. <br> Raise hands (or do <br> something else) by the ai <br> sound. Write the words on <br> the blackboard. | Paint a snake and a snail <br> in the hay.. <br> or <br> Make a painting of the <br> story 'The School Sale'. |
| Repeat the <br> Alternative <br> spellings. <br> Especially what <br> is still difficult <br> and needs more <br> teaching. | Let the children choose a <br> game. | Craft | ( |


| pg. | sound | game | extra |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | Tricky words want, because <br> Write them in the tricky word book | Finish the sentences: <br> I want ........ because | Write a sentence a draw. |
| 15 | Words and sentences <br> My house <br> Writing in their own book | Pictionary <br> One child starts drawing something that belongs to or in the house on the blackboard. Who is the first to guess right what he or she is drawing? Make groups: which group guesses the most? A wrong answer means losing one point. | Build a house with blocks and / or lego. |
| 16 | Alternatives <br> Three ways to write ee sound: ee, ea, e_e Activity book pg. 6 | Find the other part: pg. 7 <br> Use words with ee sound. <br> See word bank pg. <br> What you need: cards with (half) words. | Make a bee |
| 17 | Tricky Words put, saw Write them in the tricky word book. | "I saw, I saw,...... <br> Children ask question about what you saw: where, size, color, etc. You only may answer with yes or no. When the children think they know what it is they say it. The may guess three times. <br> Or: what did I put in the box? | Make a pair of glasses. |
| 18 | Words and sentences My best dinner Writing in their own books | Full circle: pg. 7 | Craft |


| pg. | activity | game | extra | pg. | sound | game | extra |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 | Comprehension Read and draw Writing and drawing in their own book | Sentence substitution: pg. 9 Start with sentences out of the Teacher's book. | Choose the best of your drawing and make a painting of it. Make a frame using slips of papers. | 23 | Alternatives <br> Three ways to write oa sound: oa, ow, o_e Activity book pg. 8 | Letter ball: pg. 4 <br> Throw a ball. <br> The children stand in a circle. They throw a ball. The one who catches the ball names a word with oa sound. <br> What you need: a ball | Let them draw the slow goat on the stone. |
| 20 | Alternatives <br> Four ways to write the ie sound: ie, $y$, igh, i_e Activity book pg. 7 | Make a double mind map: pg. 10 <br> One for the things you do by daytime and one at night. | Make a kite or fold one. | 24 | Tricky Words right, two, four, goes Write them in the tricky word book. | Listen to your guide: <br> One child gets a blind fold or towel for the eyes. Another one guides him to a friend who is posted somewhere in the classroom. <br> What you need: a blindfold or towel. | Write a sentence and draw. |
| 21 | Tricky words could, should, would Write them in the tricky word book. | (Re)telling: <br> Divide the group in pairs. Let them tell each other what they would if they could. Start with: If I could, I would .... (Go back in the circle and let them tell what their partner told them.) <br> You can also let them draw it. | Write a sentence and draw. | 25 | Words and sentences My best day Writing in their own books | Make it perfect: <br> Give the first word and let the children finish: <br> good - better - best <br> warm - warmer - warmest <br> small - smaller - smallest <br> etc. | Make a sun (for a sunny day) |
| 22 | Words and sentences <br> The animal, I like best is ... <br> Writing in their own books | How many words can you make?: pg. 7 <br> Write a word on the blackboard, e.g. hippopotamus. How many words can you make with the letters of this word? (hip, must, pot, mat, ....) | Make your favorite animal. | 26 | Comprehension Fill in the missing word Writing in their own book. | Make more: <br> 1 coat - 2 coats <br> 1 house - 2 houses <br> 1 ant - a lot of ants. | When you have 1 stamp, you make a lot of the same pictures. Stamp with things of the environment like the stick of a banana fiber. |
|  | at the Alternative lings <br> cially what is still cult and needs teaching. | Let the children choose a game. | Craft | 27 | Alternatives <br> Three ways to write ue sound: ue, ew, u_e Activity book pg. 9 | Spot the sound: pg. 3 <br> Read the story of Luke and Ruth: pg. Raise your hand when you hear the ue sound. Write the words on the board after reading the story. | Craft |


| pg. | activity | game | extra | pg. | sound | game | extra |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | Tricky Words does, made, their Write them in the tricky word book. | Today and tomorrow: <br> Make word cards or write words on the blackboard and match them, like make - made; does did; see - saw; eat - ate; go went; paint - painted; write wrote; drink - drank; is - was; sleep - slept; Help by saying: today I make, yesterday I (made) (What you need: word cards) | Make a piece of jewelry and mark it with 'made by (name)' <br> Give different materials like clay, paper, banana fiber, etc. | 32 | Tricky Words once, upon, always <br> Write them in the tricky word book. | Story telling: pg. 13 <br> The teacher starts with: Once upon a time there was a ... Each child tells one sentence of the story. | Draw story step pape draw part the word capt sent | our own different Fold a in 4 and each part of ry. Add and short ces). |
| 29 | Words and sentences My game Writing in their own books | Make a list of all the games the children know. <br> Choose a game out of the list you made to play (or more) | Make your own game, like Ludo or Memory. | 33 | Words and sentences Re-telling a story Writing in their own books | Role play a story: <br> Read a story of a book and let the children role play the story. <br> What you need: a book or a story | Take for th Befo start, a strip show | wo days activity they alk about and ne |
| 30 | Comprehensi on <br> At the zoo <br> Writing in their own books | Choose one or more games from the list you made yesterday. <br> Leave the list on the board. | Write a sentence and draw. | 34 | Comprehension At the park | Jumbled sentences: pg. 6 Make a sentence about our school environment = the compound. | Go out, sit down somewhere and draw and / or write what you see. |  |
| 31 | Alternatives Two ways to write ou sound: ou, ow Activity book pg. 10 | Count the games on the blackboard. How many are there. Make a top ten list: Let each child choose 3 and give these games a point. The games with the most points belong in the top 10. | Make flowers | 35 | Alternatives <br> Two ways to write oi sound: oi, oy Activity book pg. 11 | Buried Treasure pg. 6 <br> Use coins with words with oi and oy <br> What you need: coins with words and the boxes of Buried treasure. | Draw your favorite toy and write about it. Or make a toy like a ball or rope of banana fibers. |  |
| Rep <br> Alte <br> spe <br> Esp <br> still <br> nee <br> teac | at the native lings. cially what is difficult and s more hing. | Let the children choose a game. | Craft | 36 | Tricky Words also, of, eight Write them in the tricky word book. | Find the same: pg. 7 <br> Hand out cards with words with diffe vowels, 4 with the same vowel. When have an 'e' you look for children who also an e. <br> When your group is complete you $m$ together eight new words with the vo What you need: word cards. | rrent <br> n you have <br> ake <br> wel. | Craft |


| pg. | activity | game | extra | pg. | sound | game | extra |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 37 | Words and sentences My best story Writing in their own books | What's wrong?: pg. 8 Write sentences on the blackboard with some wrong words. | Make a cover for the story you wrote. <br> Add title and writer (own name). <br> Before they start: Show the children some books and talk about the cover: what do you see, why, etc. | 41 | Words and sentences Inky's Day out Writing in their own books | Where are you going? <br> Tell the children you go out. But you may not name the place. Tell about it, so that the children can guess where you are going. E.g. I go to a place with water. I wear special clothes. I get wet...... = swimming pool. Let the children tell where they are going to. You can also work in pairs. | Make Inky the mouse |
| 38 | Comprehen sion <br> Moat Farm <br> Writing in <br> their own <br> books | Riddle: <br> Tell about something on the farm without saying the name. Children guess what you mean. E.g. It has horns, is often black and white, gives milk, ... (cow) | Visit the farm. <br> Make an animal of the farm. | 42 | Comprehension Crossword Making a crossword | Three right answers: pg. 9 | Make your own crossword puzzle |
| 39 | Alternatives Three ways to write er sound: er, ir, ur Activity book pg. 12 | Make sentences: pg. 8 Write the words from the book on the blackboard. Make sentences with in each sentence at least 2 of these words. | Write a sentence and draw. | 43 | Handwriting and Comprehension The alphabet | What's missing? <br> Write the alphabet with capitals on the blackboard. Fade a few letters out. What's missing? <br> Make it more difficult by fading out more letters. | Write a sentence and draw. |
| 40 | Tricky Words love, cover, after Write them in the tricky word book. | Variation of letter ball: Throw the ball. When you catch the ball you say: 'I love ......' <br> What you need: a ball | Cut a hart and write in it what you love. | 44 | Alternatives <br> Three ways to write air sound: air, ear, are Activity book pg. 13 | Reach the top: pg. 9 <br> Draw a staircase on the blackboard. Ask questions. For each right answer tick one step up. After how many question do they reach the top? What you need: questions, e.g. about the theme of this week. | Make an airplane e.g. of a tp roll |
|  | at the native ings. cially what is difficult and s more hing. | Let the children choose a game. | Craft | 45 | Tricky Words every, mother, father <br> Write them in the tricky word book | Make a list of things you do every day. | Craft |


| pg. | activity | game | extra |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 46 | Words and sentences In the old tree lived Writing in their own books | Story telling: pg. 13 Make together a story with the title 'In the old tree lived'. | Make a tree (e.g. of a tp roll) or paste one |
| 47 | Comprehen sion <br> The <br> Midnight <br> Feast <br> Copy this page for the children. | Board race: pg. 10 Let them write words with the sound of the vowels: a eiou | Play mice and cat. One child is a cat and tries to get the mice's tails. The tales are threads put over the belt of the uniform or in the trousers. Don't let them tie the tail. When the cat catches it, it must come of easily. Draw a picture about the story 'The Midnight Feast'. |
| 48 | Words and sentences Celebration Writing in their own books | Make a mind map: pg. 10 What do you celebrate?(birth, birth-day, wedding, Christmas, Easter, ....) How do you celebrate? (strings, flags, cake, | Prepare a celebration. <br> Let the children make a plan. <br> Let them think about a theme. <br> Make groups and let them prepare an activity. <br> Celebrate next week. So they have one week to prepare. |

## Extra days

* Words and sentences A new baby is born! Writing in their own book.

| Sentence | Make a time line about your life |
| :--- | :--- |
| substitution: pg. | 0 year - born; 1 year - baby |
| 9 | 2 year - toddler; 3 year - baby class |
| Start with 'A new | 4 year - middle class, etc |
| baby is born'. | What did you do at that age? Draw it and <br> write it. Make it a 2 day activity. | write it. Make it a 2 day activity.


| pg. | sound | game | extra |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| * | Words and sentences Birthday Writing in their own book. | When is your birthday? <br> Write the names of the months on the blackboard en let the children write their name under the month of their birthday. Count the names in each month. Where are the most / less / even. <br> Ask the children if they celebrate their birthday and how. | See yesterday |
| * | Words and sentences Wedding Writing in their own book | Role play <br> Role Play a wedding <br> Who has ever been to a wedding? <br> Are your father and mother married? | What clothes do you like to wear when you go to a party? Cut pictures out of magazine. Or paint what you want to wear. |
| * | Words and sentences Decorations Writing in their own book | Talk about different decorations: shape, color, size, pattern, etc. Are the special decorations for special parties? | Make decorations: flags strings etc. <br> Decorate a cake. |
| * | Words and sentences Music and dance Writing in their own book | Listen to music: Music and dance are parts of a celebration. Listen to different types of music. What do you like? What's your favorite? What you need: music | Make in small groups your own dance. |
| * | Words and sentences Games Writing in their own book | Talk about different  <br> games you play at  <br> different parties Make sma <br>  group pre <br>  have to tak <br>  (e.g. mate <br>  score form | all groups and let every pare a game. They ke care of everything rials, making groups, $\mathrm{s}, . .$. ) |

## Assessments

Take at the end of each part an assessment. Check if the children know what you taught.
Make a list of the names and tick what they know.
When they don't, repeat this part. Give children with problems extra attention; e.g. when the other children do their work.
1.1 Assessment after 3 letter groups. Use flashcards. Give also a dictation of the sounds.

| Names | s | a | p | i | n | t | m | d | g | o | c | k | e | u | r | h | b | f | l | ck |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1.2 Oral blending: teacher says the sounds - child blends to say the word. Practice items: c-a-t; m-u-m Tick if correct - otherwise record exactly what child said or did.

| Names | m-a-n | s-o-ck | c-u-p | p-e-g | f-i-sh | th-i-n | m-o-p | b-e-d | b-u-t | ch-i-p |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1.3 Oral segmenting: teacher says the word - child segments and tells you the sounds. Practice items: tap; pin

Tick if correct - otherwise record exactly what child said or did.

| Name | net | dog | zip | red | cup | jam | duck | frog | hat | sing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

1.4 Assessment after 7 letter groups - end of book 1. Make flashcards with the sounds. Give also a dictation of the sounds.

| Names | z | w | ng | v | oo | y | x | ch | sh | th | qu | ou | oi | ue | er | ar |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1.5 Blending: Make cards with the words. Show the child the flashcard with the first word on it. Ask them to soundtalk (say each sound in the word) and then blend the word together. If they just read it, ask them to go back and soundtalk. Tick if they can soundtalk and blend correctly. Stop if children are really struggling! Practice with pen; star.

| Name | fox | shop | van | ring | tail | moon | road | park | coin | cloud |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1.6 Say the first word to the child. Ask them to segment orally and then write the word.

Tick if they spell the word correctly. Stop if children are really struggling!

| Name | box | rich | ship | teeth | zip | rain | goat | tear | oil | pie |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

2.1 Assessment end of book 2. Make cards with the words and phonemes.

Show the cards with the phonemes. If the know the sound tick. (...) is the sound. When they don't know let them read the word with the sound. Then write $\mathbf{w}$ (known in a word)

| Names | y ee sunny | a_e <br> (ai) <br> face | e_e <br> (ee) <br> eve | i_e <br> (ie) <br> kite | o_e <br> (00) <br> stone | u_e <br> (ue) <br> tube | ay <br> (ai) <br> stay | Oy <br> (oi) <br> toy | ea <br> (ee) <br> real | y <br> (ie) <br> try | OW <br> (ou/au) <br> low <br> cow | er <br> (ur) <br> mister | ir <br> (ur) <br> bird | or <br> (ur) <br> corn |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

2.2 Make cards with the words. Show the child the card with the first word. Ask them to soundtalk (say each sound in the word) and then blend the word together. If they just read it, ask them to go back and soundtalk. Tick if they can soundtalk and blend correctly. Practice with: proud, stone

| Name | bricks | parrot | smoke | spray | queen | flying | town | shirt | daisy | toy box |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

2.3 Make cards with the words without a meaning. Show the child the card with the first word on it. Explain that it are words without a meaning. Practice with knes and sprood. Ask them to soundtalk (say each sound in the word) and then blend the word together. If they just read it, ask them to go back and soundtalk. Tick if they can soundtalk and blend correctly. Stop if children are struggling.

| Names | glang | plick | vust | ploach | neest | quorst | stroink | clights | thrunc | splaish |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

3.1 Assessment end of book 3. Make cards with the words.

Let the children read the words. Tick if they read correct.

| Names | $\stackrel{\text { त }}{\omega}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O } \\ & \text { C } \\ & \text { O } \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\overline{0}}}{0}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\mathrm{D}} \\ & \frac{.0}{2} \\ & \frac{2}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 들 } \\ & \text { 응 } \\ & \hline \text { 잉 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{N}{N} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\tilde{\sigma}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\mathbb{Z}}}{ }$ |  | $\stackrel{\oplus}{\varrho}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{0} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\pi}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\otimes}{¢} \\ & \stackrel{\otimes}{\mp} \end{aligned}$ | 䔍 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \text { U్ల } \\ & \text { © } \end{aligned}$ | 年 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

# Fun with letter sounds 

Group games with letters, words and sentences


## Games for Jolly Phonics.

Children practice blending and reading by playing these games. They like to play games and while playing them they learn and have fun. When you have fun you learn better!
You can play the games with the whole group, in small groups or in pairs.
Make sure that all the children can see what's happening.
Make rules e.g. about raising up hands.
Make sure you prepared well and collect the things you need. The (small) words that are written bold are the things you need, beside a blackboard and chalk.

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| 26. How many words can you make? | 7 |  |  |
| 27. Full circle | 7 |  |  |
| 28. Find the same | 7 |  |  |
| 29. Find the other part | 7 |  |  |
| 30. Complete the sentence | 8 |  |  |

## 1. Flashcards

Make flashcards with letters or words
Hold up the flashcards with words or letters, one at a time.
Letters: Ask the children to name the letter sound.
Words:- Ask the children to blend the word / read the word
Or - Say the word with letter sounds before you show the card. Ask the children what you say and then show the card.
Use action / mnemonic
Increase the speed of presentation so that the children learn to respond quickly

## Variation:

Quick read: How many letters, words or sentences can you read in 1 minute?

## 2. Frieze

Point to the letters on the frieze and ask the children to tell the sounds.
As the children become familiar with the letters, increase the speed of presentation.
Sometimes ask a child to be the teacher so the child can get more confidence and it gives you the opportunity to watch and assess them as they respond.
Say a letter sound and ask the children to point the right grapheme.

## 3. Letter wall or letter book

Cut out pictures of papers and / or magazines.
Make sets of words that start with the same sound and paste them on a big paper, on the wall or a page in a book. (A book per child or make one big book together).

## 4. Rhyming

Name a word or write it on the blackboard.
What rhymesto it?
E.g.: rat - mat - cat

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { house - mouse } \\
& \text { pen - when - then }
\end{aligned}
$$

It doesn't matter when the children say nonsense words.
If you write the words ask the children which letters are the same / different.

## 5. Sound sets

Put objects or pictures on the table. There must be two or more with the same sound at the beginning.
The children search for the object or pictures with the same sound at the beginning.

## Variation:

Sets with the same sound at the end or in the middle.

## 6. Match

Give each child a card with al letter, picture or word. The children walk around and try to find the child with the matching card. E.g.

- the same letters
- the same word
- word - picture
- letter - picture or word that start with this letter

There can be two cards that match but also more, like words with the same vowel or the same letter at the beginning of the words.

See also: playing memory

## 7. I spy with my little eye

The teacher or a child says: I spy with my little eyes something that starts with sound $\qquad$
The other children guess what it is. They name things in the class that start with the sound till it is the one that the teacher (or child) means.

Variation:
Sound at the end of the word
Sound in the middle
With double letters like br, sn, etc.
Spy in different surroundings like farm, shop, kitchen, play ground. Say: I spy with my little eyes in the $\qquad$ something. $\qquad$

## 8. Spot letter sounds

## Show a picture.

What do you see in the picture with letter sound
You can use the big book of Jolly Phonics. For individuals or small group use the hard carton book of Jolly Phonics.
Check the library for other books to use for this game.

## 9. Throw a letter dice:

Throw a letter dice. Use a dice with the letters you teach that week and repeat the ones you used before.
Can you make a word with this letter?
Can you blend it?
Can you write it?
Make sure that all of the children can see the dice.

## 10. A sack with letters

Put all the letters the children have learned in a sack.
One child takes a letter without looking and shows it to the other children.
Can you make a word with this letter?
Can you blend it?
Can you write it?

## 11. Fans

Use fans with letters from one or more sets of letters.
Say a letter sound and ask the children to find the letter on the fan and leave it at the top, sliding the other letters out of sight.
When every child has found the letter they hold it up for you to see.
When there is not a fan for each child let them work together or work in small groups.
Work in pairs or in small groups and give each child a different fan. Who has the letter you say?

## Variation:

Make words with the letters of the fan.

## 12. Quick write letters / words

Give each child a piece of paper or their book.
Say a letter sound and ask the children to write it down, saying the letter formation as they do so.
Then write the letter on the blackboard so the children can check if they wrote the right one.

## 13. Clay letters

Let the children make letters (words) using clay or play doh.

## 14. Letter ball

The children stand in a circle. Throw a beach ball with letters on it to a child. (Write the letters on it with a permanent marker.)
The child who catches the ball looks what letter there is under his right thumb and gives a word with that letter.
For small groups you can also use a balloon.

## 15. What do I say?

Put a set of any six objects or pictures: e.g. pen, book, box, mug, block, chart, chalk, soap, doll, etc.
Say the name of one of the objects or pictures using sound-talk. Ask a child to point to the object or picture.
You can also sound-talk (say the word with the letter sounds, one by one) the name of an item that's not there. Children then say that that one is missing. You can use a soft toy.
Make a list of the words / items you want to use.

## 16. Build vocabulary

Search 2 words that match with alliteration like:
I went shopping and I got an amazing anteater; a beautifull bike; colourful crayons, etc.
variation:
Annie got an apple, Ben got a bike, ......

## 17. Letter trains

Make chains of words, using the last letter of a word with the first letter of the next word. Like:
car - rabbit - train - n...

## 18. 'Georgie's gym

Use a soft toy (Georgie, or give it another name) give instructions:

1. Stand $u-p$
2. Put your hands on your kn-ee-s
3. Put your hands on your f-ee-t
4. Put your finger on your n-o-se
5. Bend your arm round your b-a-ck
6. Wiggle your.....

## 19. Counting sounds

Sound-talk (say the word with the letter sounds, one by one) a word.
Hold up a finger for every sound you hear.

## 20. Sound buttons

Display a word. Start with VC words (e.g. it, at), than CVC words (e.g. sun, mat) etc. It depends on witch phase of reading the children are.
Say the word with the letter sounds, one by one together with the children.
Write it on the blackboard and put a button (dot) under each sound.
Use the flashcards with sound buttons.

## 21. Phoneme frame

Give the children a phoneme frame like:


Give the children letters (e.g. magnetic letters)
Say a word like cat the children say the word with the letter sounds, one by one.
They look for the right letters and put them in de frame. So, cat =cat Start with VC words, than CVC words, etc.

## 22. What's in the box?

## Set of word cards and set of objects or pictures corresponding to the word

 cards.Put the objects or pictures in a box.
Display a card - blend the word.
Ask one child to find the object or picture in the box.

## Variation 1:

- Put the object or pictures behind a scream or table or something else.
- One child takes an object or picture and puts it in the box.
- The child sound-talks (says the word with the letter sounds, one by one) and so doing names what's in the box.
- The other children tell what it is and look for the right word card.


## Variation 2:

- Half of the class gets a word card and the other half an object or picture.
- The children with a word card stand up and go around to the child who has the corresponding object or picture


## 23. Buried treasure

About 10 cards, shaped and colored like coins, with words and nonsense words on them made up from the letters the children have been learning.
Containers representing a treasure chest and a waste bin.
Blend / read the words with the children and ask if it is a proper word or a nonsense word.
Put the proper words in the treasure chest and the nonsense words in the waste bin.

## Variation:

Show a word (or write it on the blackboard): When it's a proper word put your thumb up, when it's nonsense put your thumb down.

## 24. Make jumbled words

Cut out of paper or cardboard the letters of a word like cat and ask the children to fix the word.
Make the words longer and longer.
Variation:
Mix the words of a sentence and write them on the blackboard. Fix the sentence.

## 25. Make new words

Write a long word on the blackboard.
Make new words with the letters of the word on the board. E.g. television: ten vision - son - sin - on - in - etc.
26. How many words can you make?

Draw this frame on the blackboard. How many words can you make with these letters?

You can make frames with other letters.

| c | $f$ | $t$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $p$ | $a$ | $m$ |
| $r$ | $s$ | $n$ |

## 27. Full circle

Give the children a set of letters.
Let them make the first word you say, or write on the blackboard.
Let them make the second word, etc. Every time one letter is changing.
Go on till you are back by the first word.

## Circles:

1. Sat - sit - sip - tip - tap - sap - sat.
2. Pin - pit - sit - sat - pat - pan - pin.
3. Pot - pod - pad - sad - mad - mat - pat - pot.
4. Cat - can - man - map - mop- cop - cap - cat.
5. Leg - peg - pet - pat - rat - ran - rag - lag - leg.
6. Run - bun - but - bit - hit - him - dim - din - sin - sun - run.
7. Ship - chip - chin - thin - than - can - cash - rash - rang - ring - rip - ship.
8. Song - long- lock - shock - shop - chop - chip - chick - thick - thing - sing song.
9. Car - card - lard - laid - maid - mood - moon - moan - moat - mart - cart car.

## 28. Find the same

Give each child a piece of paper with a sound or a word.
The children walk around and try to find the children with the same letter sound or word.
You can make two, three or four the same.
Variation:
Make groups with different words but with the same vowel.

## 29. Find the other part

Give each child a piece of paper with a part of a word.
The children walk around and try to find the child with the other part that makes one word with his or her part. E.g. win - dow; ta - ble
You can also practice the words with 2 consonants like br - ead; fa - rm
Variation:
Make groups with words that belong together. E.g. animals of the farm, things for cooking, plants.
Give children a part of a sentence. Find the other part.

## 30. Complete the sentence

Write on the blackboard e.g. The dog is
Finish it together and write it on the blackboard.
For each sentence there are more possibilities. How many do you know?
You can also give the first letter of het word, like: The dog is w..... (wet) or s
...... (sick).
Encourage the children to make the sentences longer and longer.
Variation:
Each child writes its own sentence.
Compare the sentences.

## 31. Write a sentence

Show an object or picture.
Who can make a sentence about it.
Blend and write the sentence together on the blackboard.
Variation:
Each child writes its own sentence.
Compare the sentences.
Give two (or more) words: can you make a sentence with both (all) words?

## 32. What's wrong?

Write the caption on the blackboard like.
I go to deb (bed) The cat is on the tam (mat)
A tac (cat) has legs The nus (sun) is hot.
Who knows what's wrong
Write the right caption on the blackboard.
When the children don't see what's wrong, tell them what word is wrong and let them blend it right.

## 33. Missing word in a sentence

Write a sentence but leave out one word.
Ask the children which word, from a set of words, can be filled in.
Write the word.
Are there more possibilities?

## 34. Sentence substitution

Write a sentence on the blackboard.
Let the children read the sentence for themselves and read it together.
Choose one word and ask the children to replace it for another word.
Eg. The cat is on the mat $\rightarrow$ The dog is on the mat $\rightarrow$ The dog is on the grass

## Variation:

- Write the sentence and some words they can use for replacing on the blackboard.

Try the words and ask the children, after reading it, if it makes sense or is ridiculous.
E.g. Mark hid the cat $\rightarrow$ John hid the cat $\rightarrow$ John hid the moon

- You can also put words in a box. Choose a word in the sentence. Take a word out of the box. Can you put the word out of the box on the word in the sentence you choose?
E.g. I sit in the car $\rightarrow$ we choose to change car and pick the card moon $\rightarrow$ I sit in the moon: sense or ridiculous?


## 35. Yes or no?

## Cards with questions.

Show the card.
Is the answer yes: put your thumb up: Is the answer no: put your thumb down. Variation:
Put a big card with yes on one side of the class and at the other side a big card with no. Go to the right answer.
Or sit down - stand up.

## 36. Choose three correct answers

A number of prepared questions or statements, three correct answers and one incorrect.
Which answers are correct?
E.g. See pg. 159

| Which of these are days of the week? | sunday | thursday | tuesday | september |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| What do you see on the farm | cow | pig | lion | hen |

## Variation:

Choose 1 right answer.

| The color of the grass is | red | green | black | pink |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## 37. Reach the top

Draw a staircase on the black board.
Write a letter on the board. When the children know the sound, put a tick on the first step of the staircase.
Step with each right answer.
After how many answer do they reach the top?
You can also let them blend or read words or sentences.

## Variation:

- Divide the group in two or more groups and make a race of it.
- Instead of a staircase you can also make a mountain with different levels or whatever.


## 38. Board Race

Divide the class in 3 or 4 groups.
Draw lines down the board to divide it into 3 or 4 areas. Write three different phonics sounds on the board. For example in column 1, write "ai", column 2 write "oa" and in column 3 write "ir".
Children stand in line and go in order to the board and write a word (spelling it correctly of course!) that fits that column's sound. Then he goes to the last place in the line. A student in group 1 could write words like rain, train braid, trail, etc. Group 2 students might write boat, goat, float foam, soap, etc. Group 3 students might write bird, first, birthday sir, etc.
Give them 2 minutes. Students must stop when you say "STOP!" Score the correctly written words and write the total score on the blackboard. Change the sounds for each group each round. Add the scores together. Double words and words that are spelled wrong do not count.

## 39. Mind mapping

Write a word in the middle of the blackboard or paper.
Ask the children what words belong to this word and write them around the word in the middle.
E.g:.


You can choose one of the words and start again, making a new mind map.
E.g


## 40. Hangman

Think of a word.
hangman
Write for each letter a dot on the blackboard.
The children name a letter.
When the letter is in the word you write it in the right place. For each letter that is not in the word you draw one line of the 'hangman'.
How fast can the children guess the word?
When they guess the wrong word three times, they hang.
They also loose when the hangman is finished.


## To play outside

## 41. Spot sounds

Go out and sit down somewhere on the compound. Make groups of about 4 children. Mention a letter sound. Which group can find, as the first, something with this sound? (like I-leaf, g-grass, ......)

## 42. Step by step

Divide the group in smaller groups.
The children stand behind a line. There is another line at a distance of about 4 meter.
Each group has a leader. The leaders must be children that know all letter sounds.
Give the leader of the group cards with words.
The leader tells the children of his group a word one by one. The child has to blend the word. When it's right that child can take 1 step forward.
Who is the first that reach the other line?

## 43. Decorated stones

Decorate the stones outside with letters and drawings.
Use the big chalks.
Mark the erea in which they are allowed to draw.

## 44. Hop words

Write letters on the stones.
Children hop from stone to stone making words.
Let them make words on their one or give words they can hop.

## 45. Run to the right letter

Hang letters in trees or write them on the stones.
Say a letter and the children have to run to the right letter.
You can also say a word and children has to run to the letters in the right order.

## 46. Hide and seek

Hide letters and let the children seek them
Can they make words with it?
Variation:

- Hide halves of words. Such as bl and ack. Can they find the matching cards
- Hide words with different vowels. Each child as to bring 3 (or another number) cards with different vowels. Who is the first?
- The children can also work in teams or small groups.


## 47. Treasure hunt

Let the children follow a route over the compound by reading sentences.
48. Write what you see

Go out and sit down somewhere on the compound. (by de clinic, on the farm,....)
Make groups of about 4 children. Write what you see.
Which group writes the most words?
Or let them write sentences. Give for each correct word a point.

## 49. Phonics Basketball!

Divide the class in groups, lining them up.
Place a can or basket several feet from the beginning line.
Give the first player from the first group a word to spell.
If he spells the word correct, he gets the basketball and tries to throw it in the can. When it's a goal the group gets a point.
The one who played goes to the last place of the line.
Then it's the other team's turn.
Which team gets most points?

## Variation:

Use colored tape to put down two different lines. The children choose from behind which line they try to score. The line furthest from the basket is worth 3 points, from the closer distance is worth 2

## 50. Search letters and sounds

Look for letters and words on the compound. Can you read it?
What does it mean?
Can you design your own signpost? For the school or something else.

## Books and stories

## Before you read the book

- Talk about a book before you read it to the children or before they read it by themselves.
- Talk about the title and the pictures on the cover. Look through the pictures and discuss what you think the story might be about.
- Talk about the pictures in the book and discuss what's going to happen next.


## After

- Let the children retell the story.
- Let them tell about their favorite story.
- Ask questions about the story.
- Talk about what might happen after the story ending.
- Play word-and-letter spotting game like:
- Can you find Floppy's name (or another word) on this page?
- Can you find something in the picture that begins with the sound ...
- Let them make a summery and / or picture of the story.


## While reading

- If the children do not know what they are reading, ask them to stop and think about what the word or sentence might mean, using a variety of strategies:
- Reading to the end of the sentence and then deciding on a sensible word to fill the gap;
- using the picture;
- using the letter sounds.
- If they still can't read the word, read it for them.


## Story telling

- Tell a story together: The first child starts with one sentences of a story. The next one tells the next sentence, and so on.


satpin

Join each picture to its beginning sound


Write the words.
Make sure you start on the dot.
Read them. Say each letter sound in turn and listen for the word.


Write the letters
Can you think of something that begins with each sound? Draw it. Can you also write the word?


Follow the trails


Write the first sound under each picture



Keep inside the lines!
Help hen to get her eggs.


Help frog hop to his lily pad.


Help rabbit run to his burrow.


Help mole to get back to his mole hill.


Take the dog back to his kennel


Is the sound there?
On each line, cross out the picture without that sound.

en family. Put the missing letters in the gaps.
Read the word and draw a picture in the space.


Listen carefully for the sound at the end.
Write the sound.

he.

ma.

pe


ma
-


ca

Practice of the $\mathbf{e}$ shape.


Do you know a word with e sound? Can you write it?

Join each picture to its beginning sound.


Can you write a word?


Do you know these sounds?
Write the letter.
Draw a picture of something that begins with it.


Write each word and read it.
Then draw a picture of it.



Read the words in the logs.
Match each word to the picture in the frog that rhymes with it.


When two letters making the same sound, come next to each other, you only say the sound once.
bb in rabbit sounds b
Read each word and draw a picture of it.


Write, read and draw a picture.


7


$$
a+i=
$$



Fill in the ai sound.
Read the words and make a picture.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tr__n | $r \_\_n$ | $s n \_1$ |

Do you know more words with ai sound?


What do you see with j sound? Can you draw more pictures with j sound?


Join the pictures to the sounds.


Can you write one or more of these words?

Write the words.


00 绿路



Do you know words with these sounds? Draw or write them.

Match the words to their pictures.


Join the sounds with the pictures with that sound.





## 06

Join each word to its picture.




Read the words:

| zap | fizz | buzz | zigzag |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Write the $z$ :

$$
\text { Z Z Z }---\quad-----
$$



Read the words:

| swam | wig | swim | sweep |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Write the w:
W W W $\quad \mathrm{W}-\quad-\quad-\quad-\quad-\quad--_{4}$

Join each sentence to its picture.

A cat and 3 kittens.

A rabbit and a carrot.


A big fat dog.


A duck on a pond.

Are you strong? Draw yourself.

Choose the right sentence and write it under the picture.

A duck swims on the pond. The chicks run to the nest.

$\qquad$

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Read the words: |  |  |  |
| yes | yell |  |  |
| Draw things that are yellow. |  |  |  |

Choose the right sentence and write it under the picture.

The dog is eating a bone The sheep are on the hills

$\qquad$

Say each picture.
Write sh, ch or th to complete its name.

__eep
mo $\qquad$

fea___er $\qquad$

ree



Read the words:

| fox | exit | next | lex |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



What's in the box?
Draw and try to write the word.
Match $\quad$ cheese

Is it true? Write yes or no next to each one.


Fish can swim. $\qquad$ Dogs lay eggs. $\qquad$


Sheep can fly. $\qquad$ Rabbits can hop. $\qquad$


Parrots have wings. $\qquad$ Chickens shop wood.


What do you see at the picture? Write the words.

stars and clouds.
Make a picture with stars and clouds. Draw or write in the stars words with ar and in the clouds words with ou.
Read the words and color the words with er

| sister | door | runner |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| cloud | term | verb |

Draw
something
with er.

Read the words and color the words with ar.

| jar | dark | proud |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| park | cat | shark |

Draw
something
with ar.
5

Finish the sentence.
A duck on the p___
I see the b $\qquad$

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Read the words: |  |  |
| count | round | proud |
| shout | sound | loud |
| Draw something with ou. |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{lll} \text { Cllo } \\ \text { P__n } \end{array}$ |  |
| Read the words: |  |  |
| coin | joint | spoil |
| soil | void | point |
| Draw something with oi.$3$ |  |  |


| Color the words with oi-red Color the words with ou - green Color the words with ue - bleu |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| fuel | count | coin |
| round | value | spoil |
| point | rescue | cloud |
| shout | joint | blue |
| soil | void | mouth |
| proud | glue | spoil |




| Read the tricky words Try to find them in the word search. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| only <br> old <br> like <br> have <br> one <br> my <br> down <br> little <br> give <br> live <br> the | do <br> he <br> me <br> we <br> I <br> was <br> she <br> by <br> we <br> are <br> all | \| | i | k | e | d | 0 | m | y |
|  |  | $\dagger$ | h | e | h | a | V | e | I |
|  |  | d | $\bigcirc$ | W | n | I | i | V | e |
|  |  | 0 | n | e | a | W | a | S | b |
|  |  | a | $r$ | e | 1 | S | h | e | y |
|  |  | O |  | d | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | n | I | Y |
|  |  | h | e | 9 | i | $\checkmark$ | e | W | e |
|  |  | m | e | 1 | i | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | I | e |

Choose two words and make one sentence with both words.


Can you make a sentence with three of these tricky words?

And four?
$\mathbf{y}$ at the end of a word makes an ee sound!
Match the words with the pictures
angry

| After a short vowel sound you write ck |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Read the words on the bricks. |  |  |  |
|  | duck |  |  |
|  | sack | brick |  |
| black |  | sock | tick |
| kick | clock | chicken | rocket |
| Choose a word and draw it |  |  |  |




| When 2 letters with the same sound are |
| :--- |
| together the sound is like 1 ! Like bb in rabbit. |
| Read this words: |
| bell jazz kitten puppet egg <br> doll duck duck button teddy <br> boss miss dress balloon  <br> shell huff rabbit parrot  |

Can you add two words?
Can you put back the letters in the right word?
zz $\dagger \dagger$ †t || || || || ff gg ss ss pp rr rr dd



| The ie | d | be s | ie | y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Read the | ords: |  |  |  |
| pie | line | shy | drying | drive |
| sky | tie | nice | flying | tried |
| time | try | my | crying | slide |
| shine | bike | lie | flight | knife |

Draw the words. Put all words in the right row

| kite | tie | sky |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |


| b ord |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Choose b d dd or bb and draw the word. |  |  |
| _og | __oat | clou |
| _ook | ra__it | pon |
| rum | te__y | e |

The $\mathbf{a i}$ sound can be spelt: $\mathbf{a i}$ ay
Choose the right spelling
(a),

| The Oi sound can be spelt: 0i oy |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Choose the right spelling |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| $\ldots$ | P | C |
|  |  |  |
| b | b | t___box |
| Roy is a boy who plays with toys. Can you draw him? |  |  |

## The ee sound can be spelt ee ea

Read the words and match them with the picures
sheep

dally Phaniles?

Read the words.
Try to find them in the word search.
giraffe tiger elephant monkey
fish
deer
snake
dog
leopard
pig
bird rabbit lion

| I | i | $\bigcirc$ | n | f | i | S | h |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| m | 1 | e | $\bigcirc$ | P | a | $r$ | d |
| 0 | b | i | $r$ | d | d | $\bigcirc$ | g |
| n | $r$ | a | b | b | i | $\dagger$ | d |
| k | g | i | $r$ | a | $f$ | f | e |
| e | i | $\dagger$ | i | g | e | $r$ | e |
| y | P | S | n | a | k | e | $r$ |
| e | I | e | P | h | a | n | $\dagger$ |

Where do you see these animals? Put them in the right column.


The air sound can be written air ear

## are

Read the words and write them in the right row

| fair bear scare stairs | chair tear square hare | pear care wear beware | pair dare fairy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Crols |



Draw: My sister saw a purple bird

In some words the f sound is written with a ph
Read these words

## etephant microphone phantom graphic

Finish the alphabet:
a b c..

Draw a write something with ph sound
Short or long vowel: a, e, i, o, u, ai, ee, ie,
oa, ve
Read the words. Give the vowels in the hand and
the words with the same vowel the same color.
rain man pup road net coat pin cat
train pot tie goat milk pond mat
bead three needs true fence park
brain cat yes tree cue feet fin lie
pie clock boat mud blue

Two ways to write the oi sound: oi oy
Read the words and write them by the boy or the coin.

| boy | royal | annoy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| spoil | enjoy | point |
| oil | boil | joy |
| toys | coin | join |



Draw your favorite toy's and write the words

| Two ways to write OU sound: OU OW |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Read the words and write them in the right <br> column |  |  |
| count <br> found <br> cow <br> about <br> down | brown <br> vowel <br> sound <br> mouse <br> shower | cloud <br> clown <br> mouth |

c with eidy usually makes a $\mathbf{s}$ sound.
Read the words and write them in the right circle



Draw: The orange giraffe goes to gym

Three ways to write eU sound: u-e ue ew
Read the words and write them in the right column


Draw: The new blue cube


Draw: Can the bee read these books?


Draw: A kite with a tie high in the sky

| 3 ways to write the oa sound: oa ow <br> O_e |
| :--- |
| Read the words and write them in the right <br> column |
| snow <br> nose <br> toast <br> loaf |

Three ways to write the ai sound: ai ae ay
Read the words and write them in the right colomn


Draw: I play with a snake and a snail

## Word Bank - provides words for blending practice

This Word Bank provides words which can be used for sounding out and blending. For each letter sound it only includes the letter sounds taught so far. This means that there are no words when just the first letter sounds, $s$, has been taught, but the number increases as more letter sounds are taught.

The words also can be used for making reading cards (see example), games (see examples in this book) and stories with e.g. a specific sound or spelling problem.
Start with words the children know and explain the words they don't know.

See also the 'Phonics Word Book'.

| Double sounds card 1 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| rain | boat | corn | storm |
| pie | short | week | green |
| sack | nail | sail | paint |
| feed | speed | toast | sick |
| snail | tie | lie | free |
| coat | back | sock | soab |
| horse | wait | oak |  |
| deck | road | brain |  |

Some words tend to give an inaccurate pronunciation. However, the pronunciations are so close that the children are able to 'tweak' them and read them, especially if the words are in their vocabulary. The pronunciation is not always the same in each land where English is taught. Check the words when you use them. Start with the words that are pronounced as they are written. Some examples:

- Pasta, lemon, attack, packet etc. - in many words a vowel is not always pronounced as it is spelled and makes an /uh/ type of sound. This is known as a schwa. Sometimes it can even sound a bit like a different vowel, as in packet/pacit/. This causes few problems with reading but makes spelling much harder.
Ink, tank, sunk etc. - the <nk> is pronounced /ngk/ - there are few problems for reading and the spelling difficulties can be overcome by teaching the children to write <nk > when they hear /ngk/, and learn the odd one that does not follow this advice, such as 'uncle' .
- Sense, sneeze, mouse, cassette, opposite etc. - the <e> on the end gives no sound but the word can be heard after blending the letter sounds that come before the <e>.
- Apple, kennel, devil, royal, cheerful etc. - these all have an /// sound at the end. The children cope well for reading but have to remember which alternative to use for spelling.
- Catch, pitch, hutch etc. - the <t> is not pronounced.
- Doctor, collar, etc. - the <or> and <ar> have an /er/ sound. Again spelling is more of a problem than reading.
- Salt, alter, walrus etc. - the <al> gives an /or/ sound in British English, and an /o/ sound in North American English, but the <l> is also pronounced.
- Bold, told, sold etc. - the <o> is not a /o/ or an /oa/. It is in between these two sounds and only becomes more difficult when spelling.
- Blue, grew, rude etc. - have a long /oo/ sound rather than a /ue/ sound.
- Sound /r/ and sound /// are difficult to pronounce for many people in Uganda. They mix both letters; pray can sound as play. This needs extra attention.
- In Uganda many people pronounce /i/ as /ee/. Use words like in and if to hear the sound in the correct way.

Words sorted by lettergroup or alternative spelling

| letter | ink | strap | red | grin | topic | pumpkin | lost | form |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| group 1 | stink | stress | mad | grand | moss | undress | help | port |
| as | tank | track | had | granddad | mock | unpack | held | lord |
| sat | packet | trap | hid | spaghetti | crop | grunt | list | cord |
| at | pink | trick | din | tag | spotted | upon | melt | snort |
| sit | sank | trip | kid | sag | protect | trumpet | milk | stork |
| it | sink | strict | pad | nag | maggot | hiccup | limp | sweet corn |
| its | snack | crisps | desk | rig | opposite | puppet | still | inform |
| is | napkin | crept | add | stag | kiosk | eggcup | clap | landlord |
| pip | tact | crack | skid | gram | connect | drunk | clip | platform |
| pit | stack | present | drip | grim | adopt | trunk | click | record |
| pat | spick | rinse | hand | top | incorrect | rut | clock | transport |
| tap | span | cricket | sand | pop | opinion | drug | plan | store |
| tip | kit | spirit | mend | on | cannon | sum | plug | elastic |
| sip | attack | strip | send | not | recommend | rump | plum | kennel |
| spit | spank | actress | spend | pot | up | stump | glum | lesson |
| spat | set | attract | stand | pod | us | undid | glad | milkman |
| nap | pet | resist | damp | in | bus | pun | slug | melon |
| ant | net | respect | dent | cot | sun | instruct | slid | salad |
| pant | pen | man | dentist | cod | nut | rucksack | slim | tinsel |
| pants | ten | am | dress | cost | cup | product | slip | carol |
| nip | test | men | dis | hot | cut | sunset | slit | collect |
| pan | sense | map | drink | hop | hum | spun | slot | candle |
| nit | kept | mat | and | rot | gum | putt | skill | cuddle |
| in | pest | met | panda | rod | tug | discuss | skull | ankle |
| sin | nest | hem | drank | odd | hug | lap | slam | giggle |
| pin | sent | ham | addres | dog | mug | lit | slap | rattle |
| snip | neck | him | pretend | dot | mud | let | smell | handle |
| an | peck | miss | dim | god | rug | leg | split | apple |
| insist | step | mist | mid | got | run | log | spell | kettle |
| tan | tennis | mint | timid | rock | pup | pal | spelt | little |
| spin | tent | stamp | disc | po | dug | lip | spill | simple |
| tin | insect | crisps | deck | sock | hut | led | slept | sprinkle |
| snap | speck | trim | tend | spot | mum | lot | plump | middle |
| sap | ticket | pram | addict | stop | dust | lid |  | muddle |
| past | kitten | mess | handicap | trod | dump | lad | lipstick | paddle |
| pass | tense | smack | intend | trot | dump | lips | adult | pebble |
| assist | arrest | tramp | drastic | drop | duck | lick | Iollipop | prickles |
| assistant | hen | camp | rapid | tick tock | tuck | luck | plastic | puddle |
| stint | hat | cramp | attend | canno | hump | lass | solid | saddle |
|  | hip | miss | admit | cross | pump | lump | splendid | struggle |
| letter | hit | stem | errand | comic | mumps | lamp | until | tackle |
| group 2 | had | ram | madam | dragon | hunt | lend | unless | tickle |
| cat | hint | mass | adapt | nonsense | must | less | unplug | uncle |
| can | hiss | mimic |  | second | suck | lock | unlock | untie |
| cap | honk | tram | letter | p | gust | ill | old | lies |
| act | rat | prim | group 3 | pocket | rust | pill | sold | cries |
| stick | rip | imp | gas | rocket | tusk | kill | hold | fries |
| skip | ran | tempt | pig | carro | drum | hill | cold | flies |
| skin | rest | mink | peg | cotton | duck | tell | told | dries |
| tick | rack | rim | gap | correct | truck | mill | gold | magpie |
| pack | risk | dad | egg | haddock | stuck | sell | roll | terrified |
| kiss | rent | den | get | across | scrub | doll | petrol | elk |
| kick | press | did | dig | cog | snug | dull | tunnel | nil |
| sack | prick | dip | drag | mop | trust | gull | lemon | till |
| sick | print | sad | snag | hog | crust | silk | electric | sill |
| panic | risk | end | grip | dock | upset | sulk | gallop | dell |
| picnic | scrap | rid | gran | desktop | suntan | tilt | animal | dill |


| gil | if | flan | gr | rass | j | d | sport |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pulp | fat | frill | club | ibu | jam | d | storm |
| hull | fun | font | blend | ga | job | deep | popcorn |
| loss | fog | flock | bric | battle | jumbl | heel | horse |
| gulp | elf | fiddle | block | bund | jug | beef | sore |
| plot | fan | freckle | blond | crumble | jump | peep | snor |
| plus | fit | frank | rabbit | gobble | just | keep | scor |
| clamp | fed | in | robin | impossible | jacke | meet | more |
| clump | off | infec | dustbi | incredible | junk | feed | forget |
| drill | fell | muffi | habit | assembl | jungle | keen | mirro |
| plank | fill | adrift | bo | abando | juggle | teeth | oc |
| sti | fus |  | bottom | bri | ja | coffee | tractor |
| laptop | huf | reflec | blink | letter | jut | deer leek | forgiv |
| insult | tr | fo | problem | group | object |  | ignor |
| limit | fantastic | fungus | ribbon | aim | project | fe | error |
| clarinet | go | un | butto | rai | subject | keep | rbid |
| co | gift | fla | umbrella | sail | jingle | n | anorak |
| tro | fol | confident | bottle |  | jangl | been | sho |
| scroll | fores | uffle | bubble | ral | boat | beep | do |
| stroll |  | funne |  | paid |  | sleep | afford |
| helpless | infant |  | grumble |  |  | een | rojector |
| ink |  |  | horrible |  | soap road |  | report restore |
| m | snif | bag | scribble | laid |  | stree | ailo |
| atlas | so | rub | tum | ha | co | eed | corpi |
| settle | lift | but | terribl | m | foal | steep | hore |
| singl | lof | bit | trembl | pain | m | bleed | sportsman |
| allotment | fist | bin | nib | train |  | deed | stubbor |
| kilogram | felt | pub | ban | snai | ro | ffee | support |
| 硅 | film | cub | rib | brain | so | beer | tailor |
| millennium | fact | bed | cob | Spain | foam | steer | rro |
| omelet | nd | bud | hob | plain | toad | 促 | orridor |
| po | gf | bug | bog | drai | coat | asleep | dorable |
| skeleton | left | big | tub | stain | groa | gees | ortable |
|  | puf | be | sob | pigtai | boas | tte | norant |
| pelica | cliff | b | bob | raindrops | coas | eez | rrorist |
| select | stiff | beg | bif | afraid |  | et |  |
| talen | fluf | rob | stub | ag |  | eed | lett |
|  | lag |  | dr | capta | ossroad |  | group 5 |
| triplet | fla | ba | crib |  | float | seem |  |
| catapu | flic | b | bl | aid | toast | steel | buz |
| ca | frog | blossom | blob |  |  | greed | fizz |
| angle | flap |  | stab | fa | roam | seek | zigzag |
| ample | gru | ke | snub |  | k | sagree | zebra |
| goggles | fro | bell | slab | sprain | croak | ek | neeze |
| miracle | fro | bo | abrup | strair | poach |  | breeze |
| pimple | fro | be | absen | tra | oa |  | freeze |
| screen | sift | bump | blunt |  |  |  | dazzle |
|  |  |  | pu | sa | pres |  | krizzle |
| reed | important | be | cabi |  | die | hor | puzzle |
| agreement | nous | bulb | blank | again | lied | born | zap |
| ripple |  | tw | album | rema | hoof | pork | zest |
| riddle | organ | we | stung | ra | mood | cork | aize |
| rectangle | cuf | weed | strong | aise | pool | for | win |
| responsible | tiff | n | cling | complain | food | corn | web |
| rumble | flop | crab | string |  | bee | forgot | wet |
| sample | flip | grab | subtract |  |  |  | wag |


| went | feeling | devil | stoop | vixen | duchess | punish |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| wind | painting | available | droop | ax | hunch | rubbish |
| well | ping-pong | develop | roost | example | inch | shampoo |
| will | soaking | venom | scoop | hexagon | chaffinch | bookshop |
| swim | spelling | villa | swoop | maximum | chess | mushroom |
| swam | along | vitami | too | exact | poac | shopping |
| twig | belong | adjective | cloakroom | tax | porch | shocking |
| swept | snoring | volunteer | noodles | chi | screec | goldfish |
| waist | sleeping | vis | moos | chap | cheer | eggshell |
| weekend | lung | invisibl | baboo | chips | chipmunk | ash |
| windmill | clang | good | raccoo | rich | trench | shin |
| unwell | sling | wood | tattoo | chop | drench | shift |
| cobweb | fling | woo |  | chum | finch | shrug |
| between | flung | soo | lette | chat | chump | shrink |
| wore | sprang | foo | group 6 | muc | cockroach | shrank |
| wink | landing | hood | yes | punc | twitch | shrunk |
| wobble | meeting | book | yap | benc | hopscotch | shrill |
| wall | stinking | took | yam | bunc | ketchup | flesh |
| wilt | oblong | look | yet | lunch | patch | polish |
| swift | promising | rook | yell | chill | pitch | posh |
| west | rung | cook | yelp | such | attach | publish |
| weep | railings | hook | yak | chick | sketch | selfish |
| wept | ding-dong | woof | yuck | munch | twitch | shellfish |
| wig | gang | stood | ya | ch | approac | sherit |
| swell | smuggling | footsteps | yard | chimp | grandchildr | shred |
| tweet | steering | scrapbook | six | chest |  | slush |
| windscreen | speeding | brook | fo | check | fish | vanish |
| wombat | swelling | cr | fix | cham | shop | blush |
| wigwam | swung | wooden | box | chug | dish | crush |
| waistcoat | training | woolen | wax | chain | wish | refresh |
| wicked | wellington | woodland | mix | cheek | ship | astonish |
| wagon | kingdom | $z 00$ | nex | chee | hush | astonishing |
| wicket | van | moo | sixteen | crunc | rush | this |
| wisdom | vet | cool | boxing | torch | shed | that |
| witness | vest | fool | toolbox | coach | shut | then |
| wick | give | boot | expect | chimpanzee | rash | with |
| waitress | have | hoop | paint bo | ostrich | mash | them |
| ring | active | roof | exit | chopstick | cash | than |
| sing | visit | room | ex | sandwich | dash | within |
| bang | sleeve | tool | fax | children | shell | thin |
| song | travel | zoom | flex | chicken | shot | moth |
| wing | vanilla | toot | explain | chickenpox | shut | tenth |
| hang | carava | spoon | express | cheese | shelf | thing |
| long | vent | stool | extend | catch | shock | thick |
| king | vain | bedroom | extinct | hatch | shook | thud |
| sung | vomit | broomstick | expand | match | brush | thump |
| rang | velvet | toadstool | oxen | fetch | smash | tooth |
| sang | visitor | goose | unexpected | stretch | crash | teeth |
| hung | expensive | loose | index | itc | flash | cloth |
| seeing | attractive | broo |  | ditch | flush | three |
| sting | preven | bo | ta | w | sho | tho |
| spring | sensitive | boom | te | sti | sheep | thro |
| bring | involve | hoot | textboo | switch | sheet | toothbrush |
| swing | level | noon | mailbo | hutch | short | thank |
| freezing | massive | bloom | ax | choos | shall | think |
| sitting | offensive | gloom | rela | chuckle | shrimps | thanks |
| wedding | solve | beetroot | relaxing | scratch | splash | sixth |
| willing | olive | igloo | experiment | kitchen | finish | math |
| weeping | aggressive | proof | explore | snatch | paintbrush | pith |


| faith | ground | disappoint | shiver | glitter | understanding | dark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| length | sprouts | poison | sticker | gutter | upper | bark |
| thrill | outing | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ap } \\ & \text { nt } \end{aligned}$ | toaster | hoover | locker | harm |
| thrush | house | asteroid | toddler | internet | matter | march |
| strength | mouse | fuel | terrific | jerk | member | sharp |
| theft | blouse greenhouse | rescue continue | thunder- <br> storm | lantern lavender | mermaid miller | charm star |
| width | about | argue | understand | liver | misunderstand | start |
| anthem | around | cue | buttercup | suffe | modern | smar |
| arithmetic | aloud | value | helicopter | taver | mutter | spark |
| pathetic | sour | statue | interest | term | orde | scarf |
| thatch | without | due | ch | timb | otte | sha |
| method froth | hound pouch | avenue glue blue | corner | trainer transfer | perfect perform | startish sharper |
| broth | south | true | cracke | chapter | perhaps | farmer |
| throb | outfit | bluebell | clever | consider | pester | artist |
|  | noun | tissue | painter | copper | pier | darling |
| letter group | stout | untrue | pattern | counter | porte | farmyard |
|  | outstanding | cruel | numbers | evergreen | potter | partner |
| quiz | slouch | clue | slippers | asterisk | printer | cartoon |
| quick | snout | her | finger | manners | proper | harvest |
| quack | wound | sister | father | camera | quiver | armbands |
| queen quilt | background amount | herd mister | afternoon different | perso nerve | interrupt rooster | carpet starve |
| squirrel | roundabout | silver | remember | verse | rudder | barbecue |
| squeeze | fountain | litter | trousers | nervou | scanner | harmless |
| quit | mountain | pepper | singer | recorder | scatter | wizard |
| quip | woodlouse | letter | fern | customer | September | alarm |
| quill | aground | better | boiler | alert | shatter | are |
| liquid | mousetrap | winter | bother bitter | referee | shelter | garden |
| squid | obvious | butter | enter | reserve | shudder | cardigan |
| squint | tremendous | fatter | perm | reverse | slender | caterpillar |
| quench | account | supper | herb | soldie | slither | marbles |
| quest | accountant | hotter | perch | serpent | smuggler | sparkle |
| tranquil | oil | summer | stern | servant | snooker | carve |
| request | boil | river | tender | serve | sooner | lizard |
| aquarium | soil | under | blender | miserable | spanner | collar |
| ventriloquist | join | herself | shatter | stretcher | stagger | market |
| quicksand | coin | blister | blunder | supporter | stammer | mustard |
| equipment | joint | splinter | slither | surrender | stopper | custard |
| out | point | were | amber | tanker | stutter | calendar |
| loud | spoil | painter | adverb | terminal | verb | vinegar |
| found | spoilt | swimmer | advert | thermometer | waiter | bar |
| shout | boiling | thunder | sprinter | propeller | woodpecker | ark |
| mouth | spoilsport | winner | entertain | desert | camcorder |  |
| round | toilet | bumper | expert | tweezers | arm | tart |
| pound | tortoise | ever | antlers | shepherd | car | cart |
| sound | avoid | ladder | archer | anger |  | yard |
| count | noisiest | dinner | flutte | butterfingers | art | chart |
| our | foil | hammer | folder | hunger |  | harsh |
| couch | coil | hamster | forever | herdsman | hard | darkroom |
| proud | moist | jumper | gander | disaster | farm | Antartic |
| our | toil | monster | gangster | rounder | barn | arch |
| cloud | tinfoil | offer | border | trigger | card | arc |
| spout | oilcan | robber | dagger | twister | park | Arctic |
| scout | topsoil | runner | duster | underground | dart | barber |
| crouch | ointment | scooter | gather | understood | mark | garlic |


| harp | sunny | hobby | a-e | escape | salesmen | bridesmaid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| larder scar | tummy | entry fuzzy | ate ape | awake <br> marmalade | decorate demonstrate | crocodile kite |
| starling | dummy | glossy | game | chocolate |  | wide |
| pardon | dusty | hardy | lane | ale | e-e | stripe |
| carthorse | frosty | jellyfish | gate | blad | Steve | size |
| sharpener | lucky | lily | save | blaze | Pete | mine |
| similar | rusty | mainly | gave | blazer | theme | wine |
| ajar | penny | pantry | made | daze | here | tide |
| rtan | teddy | partly | name | estimate | even | wife |
| car | berry | possibly | cake | exterminate | these | quite |
| apart | nappy | pottery | hate | fade | evening | shine |
| apartment | potty | history | safe | fake | eve extreme | prize |
| grammar | merry | industry | rake | fame | interfere | smile |
| startle | milky | lottery | tale | frame | athlete | drive |
| rget | misty | terrifically | wave | gaze | complete | slide |
| carpenter | party | territory | came | grade | concrete | bride |
| markable | pity | robbery | bake | grave | meter | inside |
| bargain | empty | silvery | date | imitate | prefect | upside |
| familiar | skinny | similarly | lake | indicate | prefer | bedtime |
| blizzard | spooky | secretary | lemonade | caveman | severe | invite |
| scrollbar |  | salary | pavement | wade | fever | outside |
| arson | cherry | satisfactory | pale | inhaler | event | live |
|  | foggy | property | late | operate | trapeze | hike |
| y as ee | muddy | roomy | make | inflate | completely | slime |
| mummy | floppy | rugby | wake | invade | uneven | bedtime |
| daddy | body | sherry | same | irritate |  | hillside |
| poppy | buggy | shortly silky | gale sale | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lame } \\ & \text { maze } \end{aligned}$ | i-e ride | likely dive |
| bunny | granny | simply | take | landscape | hide | divide |
| silly | spotty | speedy | tame | make-up | nine | file |
| jolly | story | sporty | tape | rate | ripe | glide |
| dolly | dizzy | study | cave | male | life | pride |
| puppy | ugly | teeny | case | mane | five | reptile |
| plenty | family | terribly | grapes | mate | line | thrive |
| sadly | filthy | victory |  | nickname |  |  |
| sandy | very | tubby | plate | pane | mile | spike |
| yummy | greedy | wiggly | snake | slate | pile | spine |
| sleepy | happy | willingly | plane | slave | time | tribe |
| slippery | grubby | woolly | crane | state | side | underline |
| soapy | grumpy | candy floss | brave | telltale | wipe | unlikely |
| soggy | handy | wonky | spade | trade |  | vine |
| sorry sticky | hurry windy | crockery cutlery | stale blame | translate complicated | bite | website spire |
| tally | wobbly | academy | skate | scale | diver | umpire |
| tricky | lumpy | agony | scrape | paper | hive | vampire |
| unhappy | marry | daisy | graze | relate | beehive | admire |
| unlucky | every | anniversary | brakes | later | sunshine | advertise |
| storybook carry | noisy gusty | antibody archery | chase shame | roller-skate amaze | fire bonfire | alike item |
| copy | army | artery | shape | hesitate | wire | arise |
| creepy | tabby | astronomy | shave | sandpaper | lively | appetite |
| curry | daily | majesty | shade | appropriate | fine | describe |
| nanny | hobby | majority | pancake | shaken | tired | glider |
| fussy | ferry | memory | lampshade | approximate | alive | hibernate |
| rocky | frothy | ordinary | sunshade | ashamed | arrive | organize |
| jelly | activity | enemy | handshake | scales | spider | pantomime |
| holly | county | factory | mistake | wafer | wise | rise |
| runny | elderly |  | cornflakes | separate |  | stripes |


| refine | globe | nude | Friday | python | teapot | steal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| revise | dome | attitude | layer | supply | jeans | tear |
| satellite | code | assume | playpen | dragonfly | seatbelt | seashore |
| silent | alcove | rude | slay | style | daydream | repeat |
| silently | explode | salute | display | Iullaby | seagull | reveal |
| title | lobe | ruler | haystack | skyline | seaweed | weasel |
| times | robe | supe | hooray | type | seashell | weave |
| sunrise | milestone | supermarket | midday |  | earwig | overhear |
| terrorize | role | computer |  | y as | meaning | yearly weary |
| unwise | sole | rule | oy | pyramid | nearly reach | dreary |
| clockwise | stove | June | boy | mystery | seaside | crease |
| pineapple | trombone | prunes | toy |  | teabag | appeal |
| polite | wove | absolute | joy | ea | teacup | appear |
| strike | zone | absolutely | enjoy | eat | seasick | disappear |
| unlike | scone | flute | Roy | tea | teacher | yeast |
|  | antelope | fluke | enjoying | sea | teaspoon | earring |
| 0-e | primrose | include | annoy | pea | underneath | sneak |
| bone | antidote | pollute | annoying | ear | peas | seam |
| home | enclose | supervise | boyish | meat | measles | gear |
| rope | leftovers |  | employ | read | treacle |  |
| hope | mouse hole | ay | employer | each | easy | igh |
| joke | October | day | oyster | beat | easily | high |
| mole | November | hay | joystick | heap | leave | night |
| hole | opening | lay | joyful | leaf | please | light |
| pole | overlook | pay | royal | beak | beads | right |
| woke | stethoscope | may | ahoy | heat | peacock | flight |
| note | suppose | say | employment | mean | beam | sight |
| doze | telescope | way | destroy | seat | east | bright |
| poke | voter | play |  | leak | steamship | fight |
| stone | woken | tray | y as i | team | anteater | tight |
| stole | woven | clay | by | real | creak | fright |
| homemade | overtake | stay | my | hear | bleak | might |
| flagpole |  | pray | try | heal | deal | lightning |
| molehill | u-e | spray |  | near | eage | traffic lights |
| tadpole hose | mule | staying playtime | dry fry | meal leap | feat flea | sigh thigh |
| rose | cute | daytime | shy | beans | lean | midnight |
| nose | use | yesterday | sty | weak | least | sunlight |
| close | pure | Sunday | sly | nea | meantime | tightrope |
| those | cure | driveway | sky | dear | nearby | flashlight |
| alone | excuse | railway | cry | fea | peak | highlight |
| broken | perfume | runway | myself | seal | seafood | nightdress |
| envelope | volume | holiday | pigsty | year | seagul | tighten |
| frozen open | useless fuse | playground players | butterfly spy | beach | really | overnight lighthouse |
| drove | refuse | crayons | nylon | peach | tease | nightingale |
| smoke | accuse | Tuesday | satisfy | clean | season | tight |
| slope | amuse | away | magnify | clear | steamroller | slight |
| stroke | amusement | ray | multiply | treat | increase |  |
| broke | fumes | bay | simplify | cream | reason | Ow as oa |
| spoke | unused | sway | pylon | steam | release | low |
| choke | used | crayfish | skyscraper | speak | leaflet | own |
| throne | yuletide | weekday | terrify | steal | eagle | mow |
| lonely | confuse | stray | terrifying | dream | treatment | slow |
| owe | include | subway | typing | stream | weaken | snow |
| over | tune | sideways | typist | scream | weakness | blow |
| overcoat | tube | sunrays | apply | squeak | seahorse | show |
| vote | costume | hurray | rely | cheap | speaker | grow |
| cone |  | mayonnaise | reply | peanuts | spear | throw |



## Sentences:

Use these sentences for dictation or reading.
These words are made from the 42 letter sounds and are divided into six sections with each section increasing the number of tricky words used: the first uses the first 12 tricky words.
These sentences have been carefully worked out so that only regular words made from the 42 letter sounds are used and tricky words that have been taught.

Sentences - 1 - 12 tricky words

| 1. The pink pig was hot. | 1. She went to the zoo. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. This was a good plan. | 2. He had a rest on the bed. |
| 3. We lost the pen on the bus. | 3. It was a hard job to do the zip up. |
| 1. The map was in the tent. | 1. We can do it soon. |
| 2. I think he was a tramp. | 2. The nut was bad. |
| 3. She hit me with a bat. | 3. She is good at lifting things up. |
| 1. In the end the shop was shut. | 1. He had to stand next to the tent. |
| 2. Get me the damp cloth. | 2. Let me fit the plug. |
| 3. The cats are in the tree. | 3. She went up in the lift. |
| 1. Do we let him swim in the pool? | 1. The frog hops to the pond. |
| 2. She is the best at singing. | 2. Do not drop the cups. |
| 3. He has a lump on his leg. | 3. We are all hot. |

Sentences - 1-12 tricky words

| 1. We went up to the flat in the lift. | 1. She was short and slim. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. All the dogs must be good. | 2. Are we feeling strong? |
| 3. I can help him fit the lamp. | 3. The plan was to get on the bus at the next bus stop |
| 1. It was a sharp frost. | 1. It was a good plan. |
| 2. She was sent to her bedroom. | 2. I think the flag was red. |
| 3. We all sat on the bed but she sat on the rug. | 3. Do all the men help to bring the wood into the shed? |
| 1. We do not do that. | 1. His dog was lost in the wood. |
| 2. The dog bit his lip. | 2. We slept in a tent at camp. |
| 3. All the cups are on the shelf. | 3. He got cramp in his left foot and had to hop for a bit. |
| 1. The bee stung me. | 1. All the teeth are bad. |
| 2. We left our dog with the vet. | 2. I think the jumper is worn out. |
| 3. Can she be with me on the outing? | 3. We are all in a bad mood. |

Sentences - 1-24 tricky words

| 1. They wish to do it. | 1. There is an ant in my drink. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. Tom said it was a bad thing to do. | 2. There is a good plug in your sink. |
| 3. They are to come in here soon. | 3. Here is a long bench for you to sit on. |
| 1. Some rats ran under the shed. | 1. Your quilt is a bit big. |
| 2. Can you come to the quiz? | 2. Here is the next bus stop. |
| 3. All the liquid ran on to the bench. | 3. My dad has pigs and sheep on his farm. |
| 1. There are ten hens in this shed. | 1. You must all stand on the bus. |
| 2. We all had good food at the pub. | 2. There are some crabs in the sand. |
| 3. His tooth is bad so he must go to the dentist. | 3. They stood on the steps to see the fox. |
| 1. You must bring the ring with you. | 1. My mum is an artist. |
| 2. She had to hang all the vests up. | 2. Here is the tooth that you lost. |
| 3. He said that we can soon go to the camp in the woods. | 3. I had a pie and a drink for my lunch. |

Sentences - 1-24 tricky words

| 1. We said that it was a good drum. | 1. Can your dad dig the trench? |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. The sink in here is pink. | 2. All the beds are long and hard. |
| 3. They all had toast and jam in the morning. | 3. They all ran on to the next corner. |


| 1. Hang your coat up here. | 1. I think all my sprouts are bad. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. Can they go with your mum? | 2. His food was so good. |
| 2. Do you think the hut needs painting? | 3. So you think you are best at jumping? |
| 1. My hamster must go to the vet. | 1. My boat is green and red. |
| 2. I said he must bring my torch. | 2. There are big fish in my pond. |
| 3. The plan was to help you sing my song. | 3. They got ham and chops from the farm shop. |
| 1. Some pets can come with us. | 1. It is not raining so we can go out. |
| 2. She said it was hot in the room. | 2. You can dig this up for yourself. |
| 3. It was a good job that they went to help at the club. | 3. I think your pen has a sharp point. |

## Sentences - 1-36 tricky words

| 1. We go by bus to see the little pigs. | 1. My sheep live on a big farm. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. They like to have chips at the pub. | 2. I have a hard job to do in the morning. |
| 3. It is no good bringing that old rag in here. | 3. They must get on the bus one by one. |
| 1. I have to live in this hut. | 1. We have blisters on our feet. |
| 2. You must give the fish to your sister. | 2. They can have this one if you like. |
| 3. They must get on the coach one by one. | 3. Next winter we can go and live in the south. |
| 1. You can go to the pool by bus. | 1. You can count them one by one. |
| 2. I like to have a little fun on your swing. | 2. It is foolish to go by rail to get the crabs. |
| 3. My dad said that you can go down the little road <br> to the shops. | 3. One little goat has got out and it is lost. |
| 1. This is the only strong one. |  |
| 2. Here is an old flag that you can have. | 1. I like to get buns for my mum. <br> 3. We like to sing some old songs for them. |

Sentences - 1-36 tricky words

| 1. What can you see down there? | 1. If only it had a sharp point. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. My old dog can only just get up the steps. | 2. I think it is good to go down there. |
| 3. When can you mend the bat for me? | 3. I only had one rod with me when I went fishing. |
| 1. What can you bring with you? | 1. What is she doing? |
| 2. This food can go bad when it is left in the sun. | 2. They like to go for a swim when it is not so hot. |
| 3. This little old man lost his dog at the zoo. | 3. This old chest is the best I have ever seen. |
| 1. What is the monster like? | 1. Have they far to go? <br> 2. You can go down to the bank and get me some cash. <br> 3. It is a little helicopter on a silver chain. <br> 3. They can only come if they bring some food and <br> drink. |
| 3. What are you going to do when you get to the <br> river? |  |
| 1. When did you get your scooter? | 1. His pet is a little rat. |
| 2. Ifeel clever when I count up to one hundred. | 2. What did you see when you went to the zoo? it like to fish down by the |
| river in the winter? | 3. We live by the main road and only have a car for |
| long trips. |  |

Sentences - 1-48 tricky words

1. Who are you?
2. Why are there no more boats on the river?
3. Who can come and help us paint this old shed?
4. Why did it not go down the drain?
5. Which is the best film to go and see?
6. They want to go before the bank shuts.
7. Where did they get the stamps?
8. They were sad because the hamster had died.
9. The other tree trunks were all smooth.
10. Which is the best street to live in?
11. Who do you think can rescue the goat?
12. Why did they go camping when it was raining so much?
13. Who got lost on the trip to Spain?
14. What other cars were speeding on the road?
15. It is not long before they are all six?
16. Who can we give this gift to?
17. The boat sank because it was hit by a big ship.
18. Did the car crash because it hit a bump in the road?
19. Where did the old man go?
20. All the other men were there before lunch.
21. This morning there were many more sheep in this pen.
22. Why was this string so short?
23. Are there many more cars to go on the ship?
24. What are you going to do before you go to bed?

## Sentences - 1 - 48 tricky words

| 1. Where are the other jam pots? | 1. They want to have some sweets. <br> 2. Did anyone see the flag come down? <br> 3. The other tree is best because it has more plums <br> on it. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. It is best to fix it before they come this morning. <br> 3. We need the car soon because we <br> want to get to the farm shop. |  |
| 1. Do we need any more fish? | 1. Why did you have to punish him? |
| 2. Are there many chimps at the zoo? | 2. We were hot because we had run down the road. |
| 3. It must have more testing before it can go on the <br> road. | 3. Are there many more trains to come? |
| 1. Where can you get the best crabs? |  |
| 2. The toads jump to the pond when they are hot. 1. Who slept in this bed? <br> 3. You must go before the storm starts. 3. Who wants to go weeds out before spring starts. <br> 1. I must hang her shorts up. 1. Is there any food in the dustbin? <br> 2. The bee stung him because he hit it. 2. We want to finish the job in the morning. <br> 3. There were many more fish in the river. 3. This tree has many sharp thorns on it. |  |

Sentences - 1-60 tricky words

| 1. He saw six fish in his pond. | 1. Where have you put your vest? |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. Their scout hut was made from wood. | 2. What would be the right thing to do? |
| 3. My little cat saw me before she saw my mum. | 3. Who saw the man jump into the river? |
| 1. Two cars hit the bus shelter. | 1. Who has lost their jumper? |
| 2. Put the plug on the shelf before it gets lost. | 2. Where does their coach go to next? |
| 3. Why did they want to put the box in the other van? | 3. She goes to the farm because she |
|  | can get some corn there. |
| 1. There goes a sad old tramp. | 1. Why does this seem right to you? |
| 2. Do we need to put on two or four stamps? | 2. I think our dog likes to go into their tent. |
| 3. Where would you like to go for your outing? | 3. They made four little tarts and put plum jam in them. |
| 1. Who goes to the shops by bus? | 1. The thunder made them jump. |
| 2. We should sleep in the bunk beds. | 2. Their goat stamps his foot when he wants food. |
| 3. Their dad made them put all the sand into the | 3. Why does he think it would be good to put the bus in |
| sandpit. | my barn? |

Sentences - 1-60 tricky words

1. The sun goes down in the west.
2. The sailing boat could not get up the river.
3. We would never start a job and not finish it.
4. They made a swing.
5. Where would you put the two lamps?
6. Should we put a torch in their car?
7. They put their coins in the box.
8. You should not argue with your mum.
9. Would you put the oats in the dish for the goat?
10. He goes for a run in the morning.
11. When would you like to go to the old fort?
12. The old man should not go out in the freezing wind.
13. She would like to see a cartoon.
14. Should we get some planks for the loft?
15. When the wind goes to the north we should have some rain.
16. When does he go to Scotland?
17. They must wait in their barn until the rain stops.
18. Would it be right to put the seeds into this hard soil?
19. What would you do to help them?
20. The sprouts should not be boiling yet.
21. Who would like to do a painting for me?
22. Does it have to go in the big box?
23. You could get the stain out of this cloth.
24. You could be good at sport if you did the right training.

Listen to the sound - letter group 1
Needs: Something to cover the pictures without the sound, like bottle tops.


Some of these words begin with sound 's'. Work your way around the board saying the words and find the words which begin with sound 's'. Cover the words without sound 's'.

Listen to the sound - letter group 1
Needs: Something to cover the pictures without the sound, like bottle tops.


Some of these words begin with ' $t$ '. Work your way around the board saying the words and find the words which begin with ' $t$ '. Cover the words without sound ' $t$ '.

Listen to the sound - letter group 1
Needs: Something to cover the pictures without the sound, like bottle tops.


Some of these words begin with 'p'. Work your way around the board saying the words and find the words which begin with ' $p$ ' Cover the words withoutsound ' $p$ '.

Listen to the sound - letter group 1
Needs: Something to cover the pictures without the sound, like bottle tops.


Some of these words begin with ' $n$ '. Work your way around the board saying the words and find the words which begin with ' $n$ '. Cover the words withoutsound ' $n$ '.

## Where do you hear the sound? - Letter group 1

Needs: something to cover the right box, like bottle tops or small stones.
Is the sound ' $s$ ' at the beginning or the end of the word? Cover the correct box.

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Where do you hear the sound? - Letter group 1
Needs: something to cover the right box, like small stones.
Is the sound ' $t$ ' at the beginning or the end of the word? Cover the correct box.
(5)

Where do you hear the sound? - Letter group 1
Needs: something to cover the right box, like bottle tops or small stones.
Is the sound ' $p$ ' at the beginning or the end of the word? Cover the correct box.
(1)

Where do you hear the sound? - Letter group 1
Needs: something to cover the right box, like small stones.
Is the sound ' $n$ ' at the beginning or the end of the word? Cover the correct box.
(s)

Word-way : letters - letter group 1
Needs: a dice and for each player a counter.


Throw a dice. Say the letter. Can you make a word with this letter?
You can? Go one step forward.
You can't? Go back one step
Or give a point for each good word.

Word-way 2: words - letter group 1
Needs: a dice and for each player a counter.


Throw a dice. Read the word.
You can? Go one step forward.
You can't? Go back one step
Or give a point for each good word.

## Domino - letter group 1

Cut the cards.
Let the children put the cards in line. The right letter on a card has to match with the left letter of the next card.

| $s$ | $t$ | $a$ | $p$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $i$ | $s$ | $n$ | $a$ |
| $i$ | $p$ | $n$ | $\dagger$ |
| $i$ | $a$ | $s$ | $i$ |
| $s$ | $n$ | $n$ | $a$ |
| $p$ | $\dagger$ | $p$ | $i$ |

Letter-word-picture - Letter group 1
Cut the cards. Match letter-word-picture.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| $\square$ | $\square$ ? |  |
|  |  |  |

Listen to the sound - letter group 2
Needs: Something to cover the pictures without the sound, like bottle tops.


Some of these words begin with 'c or k'. Work your way around the board saying the words and find the words which begin with 'c or k'. Cover the words without sound 'c or k'.


Where do you hear the sound?- Letter group 2
Needs: something to cover the right box, like small stones.
Is the sound ' C or k ' at the beginning or the end of the word? Cover the correct box.


Where do you hear the sound? - Letter group 2
Needs: something to cover the right box, like small stones.
Is the sound ' $d$ ' at the beginning or the end of the word? Cover the correct box.

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\operatorname{pr}^{9 q_{q}}$ |
|  |  |  |  |

Where do you hear the sound? - Letter group 2
Needs: something to cover the right box, like small stones.
Is the sound ' $m$ ' at the beginning or the end of the word? Cover the correct box.


Where do you hear the sound? - Letter group 2
Needs: something to cover the right box, like small stones.
Is the sound ' $r$ ' at the beginning or the end of the word? Cover the correct box.

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\text { 家 }=3=-3=$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Domino - letter group 2
Cut the cards.
Let the children put the cards in line. The right word on a card has to match with the left word of the next card.

| it | pest | pest | tin |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tin | tap | tap | pat |
| pat | hip | hip | pet |
| pet | pin | pin | pat |
| pat | mat | mat | nip |
| nip | is | is | ran |
| ran | sat | sat | pit |
| pit | dip | dip | as |


| as | snap | snap | ham |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ham | ant | ant | in |
| in | map | map | tip |
| tip | man | man | rat |
| rat | pan | pan | red |
| red | his | his | sit |
| sit | dip | dip | rip |
| rip | it |  |  |



Throw a dice. Say the letter. Can you make a word with this letter? You can? Go one step forward.
You can't? Go back one step
Or give a point for each good word.
Word-way 3 letters - letter group 2
Needs: a dice and for each player a counter.

| start |  |  |  | hand |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pin | man | trip |  | step |
| pen |  | act |  | cap |
| dip |  | tank |  | sand |
| nest |  |  |  | ink |
| neck |  | finish |  | met |
| mat | can | men | sent | hint |

Throw a dice. Read the word.
You can? Go one step forward.
You can't? Go back one step Or give a point for each word.

Word-way 2 - letter group 2
Needs: a dice and for each player a counter.


Throw a dice. Read the word.
You can? Go one step forward
You can't? Go back one step
Or give a point for each word.

Word-way 2 - letter group 3
Needs: a dice and for each player a counter.

| start |  |  |  | cap |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bin | pin | hop |  | sit |
| map |  | cup |  | hen |
| hat |  | sock |  | man |
| sad |  |  |  | pot |
| car |  | finish |  | bus |
| pig | mug | bag | sun | cat |

Throw a dice. Read the word.
You can? Go one step forward
You can't? Go back one step
Or give a point for each word.

Letter-word-picture - Letter group 2
Cut the cards. Match letter-word-picture.
Combine with letter-word-picture letter group 1

| $\square$ | $\longrightarrow$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ |  |  |
|  | $\rightarrow+$ |  |
|  | $? \longrightarrow$ |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Letter-word-picture - Letter group 3
Cut the cards. Match letter-word-picture.
Combine with letter-word-picture letter group 1 and 2

| g | goat | as |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O | Off | 岛 |
| U | UP | 薥 |
| 1 | leg |  |
| $f$ | fan | $9$ |
| $b$ | bed | $\mathrm{Fi}_{-\infty}$ |

Name the picture: Match word with picture.
Letter group 3
There are 6 big cards.
Separate the words and make cards with one word.
Put the cards under the right picture.
Variation:
Play it as a bingo game: one reads the words and gives it to the one who has this word on his or her card.
Sort the words with the same letter at the beginning, the end or in the middle.

| d | 0 | 9 | d | U | ck | e | 9 | g | h | a | $\dagger$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| h | e | n | h | i | II | h | $\bigcirc$ | P | i | n | k |
| a | n | $\dagger$ | b | a | g | b | e | d | b | i | n |
| b | U | S | C | a | $\dagger$ | C | a | $r$ | C | U | p |
| b | U | S | P | a | n | h | e | n | b | e | d |
| $p$ | e | n | h | a | $\dagger$ | S | a | d | S | 1 | $\dagger$ |
| $\dagger$ | e | n | f | a | r | C | a | P | f | a | $\dagger$ |
| m | a | p | p | i | 9 | m | a | n | d | 0 | g |
| p | i | g | p | i | n | p | O | $\dagger$ | r | a | $\dagger$ |
| r | U | n | S | a | d | S | i | $\dagger$ | S | U | n |
| 1 | e | g | 1 | i | p | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | g | m | a | n |
| m | a | $\dagger$ | n | e | $\dagger$ | $p$ | a | n | P | e | n |

(ases)
(20)

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


|  | $\infty$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

(n)

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| a |  | S | (-) | $r$ |  | U |  | V |  | P |  | C | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | d |  | b |  | C |  | I |  | a |  | O | b |  |
|  | $\dagger$ | $g$ |  | a | y |  | a |  |  | 9 |  | - | e |
| P |  | 0 |  | Gather the sounds - betergow 3 |  |  |  |  |  | i | O |  | $r$ |
| i |  | U | (-) | e |  |  | i |  | k | S |  | h |  |
|  | 1 |  | d |  | n | f |  | e | (-) |  | h |  | m |
|  | n | (-) | $f$ | i |  | k | e |  | $\dagger$ |  | m |  | U |

Needs: a dice and for each child a counter, paper and a pencil. Each child chooses his own place to start. They throw with the dice and take the steps.
They can choose their own way. When they reach a letter at the last step of the turn they write this letter on the paper. At a smiley you can choose a letter. After playing (e.g. 15 minutes) they try to make as many words as they can with the letters they gathered.
Variations: Add other sounds, also the double sounds / Let them make words with 4 (or more) letters / Give points, e.g. for a 3 letter word 3 points, for a 4 letter word 4 points, etc. / Let them gather the letters in the right order of a word.

## Sorting Letter group 3

Cut the cards and sort: Put the cards with the letters on the table and sort the words

- beginning with $c, l, b, m, h, s, p, b$ or
- ending with $\mathrm{n}, \mathrm{r}, \mathrm{g}$ or t .

| bus | pan | hen |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bed | pen | hat |
| sad | sit | ten |
| far | cap | fat |
| map | pig | man |
| dog | pin | pot |
| rat | run | sat |
| sit | sun | leg |
| lip | log | cup |
| mat | net | car |
| pen | hop | cat |
| bus | pan | hen |


| bed | pen | hat |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sad | sit | ten |
| far | cap | fat |
| map | pig | man |
| dog | pin | pot |
| rat | run | sat |
| sit | sun | leg |
| lip | log | cup |
| mat | net | car |
| pen | hop | cat |
| c |  | b |
| m | h | s |
| p | b | $n$ |
|  | $r$ | $t$ |

## Memory word-picture double sounds

Letter group 5
Cut the cards.
Put the cards up site down on the table. The first player turns two cards. When they are the same he or she keps them. When they are different they have to be turned back at the same place. Then the next player get the turn.

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y O K$ | book | COOt | VOn |
|  |  |  |  |
| SWOn | $f e e t$ | frog | $7 i P$ |
|  |  |  |  |


| goat | horse | jam | ring |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 有 | $G$ | 0 |
| jump | king | moon | spoon |
|  | $e^{n}$ | IC |  |
| duck | tree | bee | roof |

## Memory word-picture double sounds

Letter group 7 and alternative spelling
Cut the cards.
Put the cards up site down on the table. The first player turns two cards. When they are the same he or she keps them. When they are different they have to be turned back at the same place. Then the next player get the turn.

| $\sum_{i}^{i}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ 0 i m^{2} \end{gathered}$ | ${ }^{0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| beak | queen | statue | seal |
| $\lim _{3} 3$ |  | $\leadsto$ | 成 |
| cloud | clown | mouth | rainbow |
|  | 要 | $15$ | (0) |


| boil | girl | shark | owl |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| cow | leaf | heart | scarf |
| point | mouse | light | skirt |

Bingo lettergroup 4 and 5
Needs: 48 things to cover the words, like tops or stones.
2 boxes for the word cards.
Cut the word cards and the 4 big cards.
There are 4 big cards. For each player 1.
Put the cards with the words in a box. Pick them one by one. Read the word. Each player that has this word on his or her card may cover it. Put this card in the other box and take the next one.
Who has, as the first, covered all the words of his or her card?

| rain | jail | wait | spoon |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| paint | swing | jump | sport |
| jam | vest | boat | goat |
| soap | road | toast | wind |
| tie | pie | moon | sing |
| feet | week | green | wood |
| visit | book | fork | roof |
| storm | zebra | good | long |
| zigzag | swim | web | van |
| west | king |  |  |


| rain | feet | soap | book |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| storm |  | tie |  |
| visit |  |  | long |
| king |  | jam | wind |


| book | paint | zebra | pie |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| week |  | ker | king |
| boat |  |  |  |  |
| roof | swing | road | jail |


| wait | sport | toast | zebra |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rain |  |  | boat |
| green |  |  | good |
| fork | moon | jump | long |


| goat | paint | wood | web |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| spoon |  |  | sing |
| visit |  | wind |  |
| van | sport | roof | green |

Bingo letter group 6 and 7
Needs: 48 things to cover the words, like tops or stones. 2 boxes for the word cards.
Cut the word cards and the 4 big cards.
There are 4 big cards. For each player 1. Put the cards with the words in a box. Pick them one by one. Read the word. Each player that has this word on his or her card may cover it. Put this card in the other box and take the next one.
Who has, as the first, covered all the words of his or her card?

| coin | sharp | paintbrush |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| lunch | couch | thick |
| letter | chest | yard |
| cloud | splash | chicken |
| scarf | thing | argue |
| join | oil | father |
| moth | such | count |
| queen | mister | never |
| rescue | hard | flush |
| wish | quack | quick |
| shark | brush |  |


| shark | father | thick | wish |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| coin |  | 0 | chicken |
| sharp |  |  | such |
| painttrush | argue | thing | scarf |


| count | sharp | couch | rescue |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| moth |  |  | chest |
| such |  |  |  |
| never | queen | mister | quick |


| flush | rescue | hard | brush |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| oil |  |  | quick |
| never |  |  | couch |
| cloud |  | quack | thick |


| yard | letter | chest | chicken |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| flush |  | cloud |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| thing |  | lunch | join |

Cut the words. Give each sentence a different colour.
Give the children the words of one color. Let them make a sentence with a part of the words. Can they change the sentence by using another word? E.g. Paul eats peas with his meat $\rightarrow$ Paul eats beans with his meat / Paul eats beans with Phil / Paul cooks beans with Phil / Paul reads with Phil.
To make it easier you can give the first sentence, that's printed bold.

Paul eats peas with his meat - beans reads cooks Phil
Kay must pay for her new bike - tries Jean wait toy
We can bake a pie today - they yesterday cake make
The boys shout as they play outside - sleep girls run sing
They say that the dog had hurt its paw - found she tail stone
Children like the seaside - dentist beach enjoy zoo
Loud sounds can be annoying - noises singing frightening nice
Mum gave us a few grapes as a treat - sold made punishment Dad
The girl came home on the train - late bus went boy
You can tie things up with string - rope we glue paste

| Paul | eats | peas | with |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| his | meat | beans | reads |
| cooks | Phil |  |  |
| Key | must | pay | for |
| her | new | bike | tries |
| Jane | wait | toy |  |


| We | can | bake | a |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pie | today | they | made |
| cake | yesterday |  |  |
| The | boys | shout | as |
| they | play | outside | sleep |
| girl | run | sing |  |
| They | say | that | the |
| dog | had | hurt | its |
| paw | found | she | tail |
| stone |  |  |  |
| Children | like | the | seaside |
| dentist | beach | enjoy | zoo |


| Loud | sounds | can | be |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| annoying | noises | singing | frightening |
| nice |  |  |  |
| Mum | gave | us | a |
| few | grapes | as | a |
| treat | sold | made | dad |
| reward |  |  |  |
| The | girl | came | home |
| on | the | train | late |
| bus | went | boy |  |
| You | can | tie | up |
| things | with | string | rope |
| we | glue | paste |  |



|  |  <br> O | $t$ <br> O | O | O |  <br> 0 | Fans <br> Cut the letter cards. <br> Make a hole in the small circles and bind the cards together. By moving the cards you can make words. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O |  <br> $\bigcirc$ | O |  <br> 0 | O |  <br> O | O |
| O | O |  <br> O | $\bigcirc$ |  <br> O | b <br> O | Add also the letters of the other letter groups. <br> You can make a fan letters of 1 letter group or mix them |

Vowel hand
Write under each vowel a word with it.
Choose a word that can help you to remember that vowel.


|  |  |  | Run to the bat |  | Run back to the bin |  | Win |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jog to the ant |  | Miss a 90 |  |  | Back to the mat |  |  |
|  |  | Run to the sack | Miss a <br> go |  |  | Run to the sun | Jog to the box |
| Run up to the dog |  |  |  | $=$ | Run to mum |  | Run to dad |
| Begin | Run to the egg | 央 | Run to the jet | Hop on to the bus | 0 | Run back to the hen |  |


| $\bar{\Lambda}$ |  | $?$ | ( $\begin{gathered}\text { Run to } \\ \text { the bat }\end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { to the } \\ \text { bin } \end{gathered}$ | $\bigcirc$ | Win |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jog to } \\ & \text { to ant } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Miss a } \\ \text { go } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Back to } \\ & \text { the mat } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  | $1$ | Mis | $\because$ | \$) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Run to } \\ & \text { the sun } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jog t } \\ & \text { the bo } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Run up to } \\ & \text { the dog } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\cong$ | Run to mum | $0$ | dad |
| Begin | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \text { Ren egg } \end{array}$ | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Run to } \\ & \text { the jet } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rop on } \\ \text { to the } \\ \text { bus } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ro the } \\ & \text { hen } \end{aligned}$ |  |


5＋lettersnakes－1

|  | 曲 | － | Hurry on to the planet |  | Back to the basket | Cos | Vin |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On to a smelly skunk |  | Miss a go |  |  | Back to the family |  | Sprint to the crystal |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jump up to the panda |  |  |  |  | Sprint to |  | Step to the insect |
| Begin Trot to <br> the <br> bucket |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Image credit ©［2010］Jupiterimages Corporation Snakes \＆ladders with 5＋letter sounds 5＋lettersnakes－1

Snakes \& ladders with "ai" words

|  |  |  | Travel to the daisy |  | Return to the snail |  | Finish |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On to the pair of socks |  | Miss a turn |  |  | Return to the bent nail |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\operatorname{sim}_{0}$ |  | Shuffle along to the quail | Miss a turn |  |  | Toddle along to the chair | Get to the chain links |
| Sprint to the rain |  |  |  |  | Go to the paint brush |  | On to the sailing vessel |
| Start | On to the hair braids |  | On to the first aid box | Quickly get to the airport |  | Return to the stair |  |

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|  |  |  | Hurry to the boot |  | Back to <br> the pool |  | Win |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quickly get to the wood |  | Skip a go |  |  | Back to the balloon |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | step along to the hook | Miss a go |  |  | Sprint to the roof | On to the book |
| Up to the moon |  |  |  |  | Hurry to the foot prints |  | Sprint to wool |
| Begin | On to the food basket |  | On to the cook | Quickly get to the spoon |  | Back to the baboon |  |

